

IN LAST PLACE

We are Once More the
Cellar Champs

FALL RIVER, July 12.—By winning a double header from Lowell, 3 to 4, and 11 to 2, Saturday, Fall River took first place in the New England league. The home team batted the visiting pitchers hard, driving Blanchard from the box in the fifth inning of the first game and getting Tyler in the same inning of the second game. The scores:

FALL RIVER	W	L	W	L
Weaver, ss	2	0	1	0
Messinger, 2b	2	0	1	0
Devine, rf	2	0	1	0
Rowe, lf	2	0	1	0
McDermott, 3b	2	0	1	0
Solbra, 1b	2	0	1	0
Nichols, c	2	0	1	0
Lemley, p	2	0	1	0
Wormwood, p	2	0	1	0
Totals	12	0	11	0

LOWELL	W	L	W	L
Fitzpatrick, 2b	1	1	0	1
Venable, 3b	1	1	0	1
Flaherty, rf	1	1	0	1
Howard, lf	1	1	0	1
Kelly, cf	1	1	0	1
Huston, 1b	1	1	0	1
Rowe, c	1	1	0	1
Blanchard, p	1	1	0	1
Tyler, p	1	1	0	1
Totals	11	1	0	11

Runs—Weaver 2, Solbra 2, Nichols 2, Wormwood 2, Venable, Rowe, Tyler, Howard, Flaherty, Messinger, Devine, Lemley, Stolen bases—Fitzpatrick, Howard, Nichols, Wormwood, Solbra, Left on bases—Fall River 2, Lowell 1. Bases on balls—Off Wormwood 2, off Blanchard 2. Hit by pitcher—Howard, Kelly, Flaherty. Struck out by—Wormwood 7, Nichols 4, Tyler 2. Time—1h. 52m. Umpire—Lannigan.

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Rowe, c	1	1	0	1
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DIAMOND NOTES.

In the cellar.
The boys will be back Wednesday.
They'll have to do better or the fans will quit.
Oh! for a pitcher who can last nine innings!
The management is too easy with the team. Don't stand on ceremony, but get the deadwood without delay. Why Kelly on first base and McDermott, Howard and Flaherty in the outfield, and get some pitchers.
Fall River has taken first place from Lynn, and they haven't as high priced a team as Lowell.

After starting out as finely as did the Lowell team under the new management, the sudden slump is as unaccountable as it is excusable. If these players on the team who are dissatisfied or have grouches get rid of them without delay. A good player with growth can do more harm than half a dozen poor players who are during the best they can.

Manager Gray has spent good money on the team and intends to continue to until he gets the winning condition. Lowell is the only team in the New England league that supports a scout. And yet we're in last place.

The team will return Wednesday for a game at Spalding park with Worcester, and on Thursday a double-header will be played.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING	W	L	W	L
Detroit	22	28	40	43
Boston	18	34	36	47
Pittsburgh	17	35	35	48
Cleveland	14	41	32	51
New York	14	41	32	51
Chicago	13	42	31	52
St. Louis	12	43	30	53
Washington	12	43	30	53

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS	W	L	W	L
At Cleveland—Boston 4, Cleveland 4.	1	1	0	1
At St. Louis—St. Louis 1, Boston 4.	1	1	0	1
At Detroit—Detroit 1, New York 4.	1	1	0	1
At Chicago—Washington 1, Chicago 4.	1	1	0	1

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING	W	L	W	L
St. Louis	22	28	40	43
Chicago	18	34	36	47
Pittsburgh	17	35	35	48
Cleveland	14	41	32	51
New York	14	41	32	51
Philadelphia	13	42	31	52
San Francisco	12	43	30	53
Washington	12	43	30	53

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS	W	L	W	L
At Boston—Boston 1, St. Louis 4.	1	1	0	1
At New York—New York 1, Philadelphia 4.	1	1	0	1
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 1, St. Louis 4.	1	1	0	1
At St. Louis—St. Louis 1, Boston 4.	1	1	0	1

FOUR FAMOUS LAWN TENNIS PLAYERS AND SCENE ON LONGWOOD COURTS, BOSTON

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS	W	L	W	L
Fall River	22	28	40	43
Lynn	18	34	36	47
Brookline	17	35	35	48
Haverhill	14	41	32	51
Worcester	14	41	32	51
New Bedford	13	42	31	52
Lawrence	12	43	30	53
Lowell	12	43	30	53

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS	W	L	W	L
At Fall River—Fall River 5, Lowell 4, third game, 10 innings, Lowell 2, second game, seven innings.	1	1	0	1
At Lynn—Lynn 8, Worcester 5.	1	1	0	1
At New Bedford—Brookline 4, New Bedford 3.	1	1	0	1
At Haverhill—Haverhill 4, Lawrence 3, first game, 10 innings, Lawrence 4, Haverhill 2, second game, seven innings.	1	1	0	1

GAMES TODAY	W	L	W	L
National League.	1	1	0	1
St. Louis at New York.	1	1	0	1
Chicago at Brooklyn.	1	1	0	1
Cincinnati at Boston.	1	1	0	1
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.	1	1	0	1
American League.	1	1	0	1
Boston at Cleveland.	1	1	0	1
New York at Detroit.	1	1	0	1
Philadelphia at St. Louis.	1	1	0	1
Washington at Chicago.	1	1	0	1
N. E. League.	1	1	0	1
Lawrence at Lynn.	1	1	0	1
Lowell at New Bedford.	1	1	0	1
Fall River at Brookline.	1	1	0	1
Worcester at Haverhill.	1	1	0	1

AVERAGE TO DATE

Howard Leads the Batters With .265

This week shows Howard to be Lowell's leading batter, in reality, for he has been in more games than any other member. His average is only .265 and having batted and Flaherty he is the only man over .250. The averages are as follows:

BATTING AVERAGES	W	L	W	L
Howard	22	28	40	43
Flaherty	18	34	36	47
Blanchard	17	35	35	48
Rowe	14	41	32	51
McDermott	14	41	32	51
Solbra	13	42	31	52
Nichols	12	43	30	53
Lemley	12	43	30	53
Wormwood	12	43	30	53
Totals	12	43	30	53

FIELDING AND BASE RUNNING	W	L	W	L
Howard	22	28	40	43
Flaherty	18	34	36	47
Blanchard	17	35	35	48
Rowe	14	41	32	51
McDermott	14	41	32	51
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Below their record of form of a year ago, the internationalist Alexander since his return from Australia and Europe in the early spring has remained from all tournament play. He may not be seen on the courts at all, but he is in the background, ready to step in at any moment. Another consideration which threatens to disrupt their work is that Hackett has been playing with Raymond D. Little, whose style is in every respect the opposite to Alexander's, so that Alexander and Hackett will scarcely be so perfectly tuned

LEAGUE STANDING	W	L	W	L
Y. M. C. A.	22	28	40	43
M. G. C. A.	18	34	36	47
Wanderers	17	35	35	48
O. M. L. C. A.	14	41	32	51
Dragons	14	41	32	51
Dixwells	13	42	31	52
Indians	12	43	30	53
No. Chelmsford	12	43	30	53

The Maples defeated the Sacred Heart Sanctuary choir team on the Maple street grounds Saturday afternoon in a one-sided game by the score of 15 to 2. The clever battery work of Joe and Jim Sullivan of the Maples and the fine playing of Ruess of the "Singers" featured the game. "Sully" regularly instructed in their schools, the National Association estimates that fully 1,000,000 more have received instruction at the various tuberculosis exhibits held in all parts of the country or in separate classes and organizations.

A number of investigations conducted in various parts of the world show that a large percentage of the children below the age of 15, who are regularly instructed in their schools, the National Association estimates that fully 1,000,000 more have received instruction at the various tuberculosis exhibits held in all parts of the country or in separate classes and organizations.

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NEW MILL BUILDINGS

More Money Being Spent This Season Than for Years

Work on mill buildings, additions to local mills is being pushed right along and the amount of money to be expended this year is greater than for years. The foundations for the two buildings being erected by the Massachusetts mills are taking form. One of these buildings will be used for a turbine and wheel house and the other for a dyehouse.

In the erection of a new dyehouse the Digelow Carpet company has a big job on its hands. The building will be 657 feet long and 46 feet wide. A detailed description of the building has already appeared in The Sun.

A permit to build a new mill was granted the Lawrence Manufacturing company about two years ago but for some reason or other the work has been delayed. It is understood, however, that the mill will be completed this summer.

The Appleton is building a new building in its yard in Jackson St. The building is an addition to the dye house and extends back on the canal. The Waterhead mills in Lawrence street have just completed a new addition, a wooden structure, two stories with basement. The office is located in the new building and the rest of it will be devoted to manufacturing and storage.

The Howarth & Watson plant in Tanner street that was damaged by fire some time ago is being put into shape again.

Several railroad lines hold that a passenger's journey begins when he passes through the gate from the station to the train and his ticket is punched by the gateman. Although for anyone of many reasons the passengers may not take the train the companies refuse to refund to him the amount to be paid for the ticket, maintaining that the passenger began his journey when he passed the gate.

It is quite likely that the question will be fought out before the commission next fall in a formal hearing unless the railroads should accept as final an administrative ruling of the commission on the subject.

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HIS MANY WIVES NOVEL QUESTION

May Keep Man in Jail Interstate Board to Decide

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—Christian Johnson, alias Madison who is serving a seven year sentence in the San Quentin prison, in California for bigamy, probably never will regain his liberty if the plan of his many wives is carried out. The women who were

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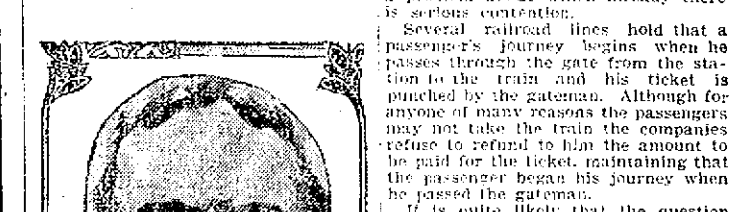
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CHRISTIAN C. JOHNSON

NEW YORK, July 19.—Forty persons of a crowd of 250 or more who had sought refuge from a sudden shower on the porch of an old mansion in Claremont park, the Bronx, were injured last evening when the overtaxed supports gave way beneath their weight and plunged them all into the cellar, 15 feet below. Five of the injured are seriously hurt, and it is feared that two of them, Miss Alice Weisberger and Miss Lena Silver, may die.

duped by Johnson have formed a "witness" to be known under some such name as the United Association of Wives of Christian Johnson, and their purpose is to keep persecuting Johnson as often as his prison terms expire. Mrs. Josephine Hemminger of Oakland, Cal., is the prime mover and founder of the corporation.

A. O. H. LADIES
Held Field Day at Mountain Rock

The Ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. held its annual field day at Mountain Rock Saturday with a large and merry attendance. An interesting program of sports was run off under the direction of Miss Mary McMahon and Miss Della Clancy.

The 100 yards dash was won by Patrick White, with James Sells second, and the same pair finished first and second in the hop, step and jump.

The third event was the ladies' race, and when the fair ones lined up for the start, they had the men guessing when to pick for a winner. In this race, Miss Katherine Hayes came in first and Miss Mary Smith second.

The fourth event was for boys, in which Master Charles Dwyer managed to get in first, and the second prize went to Master James Curran. There was a thrilling match between the Wolfe Tone Guards and the Young Irelanders.

Miss Katherine B. Downs was general manager of the affair and the assistant general manager was Miss Julia E. Kelly. Mrs. Julia Reardon was mistress of refreshments, assisted by Mrs. Sullivan and Mrs. Nora Monaghan. The table was in charge of Miss Della A. Conway, assisted by the following young women: Misses Margaret Barry, Nora Kennedy, Clara Mahoney and Nora Mahoney.

The dance hall was placed at the disposal of the pickers and dancers, and was packed from 2 until 10 o'clock. The colonial orchestra was present and furnished music for the dancing. The floor director was Miss Josephine O'Connell, chief aid, Miss Helen A. Lynch, and the aids were Misses Rose Gallagher, Della O'Brien, Della Fitzgerald, Catherine Reardon, Catherine Dwyer, Nora Fitzgerald and Nellie Lyons.

At St. Joseph's church the preacher is Rev. Fr. J. J. Boyce, O. M. L., a professor of official university who has been permitted to conduct the services of the church. He is assisted by Rev. Fr. Barrett, O. M. L., director of the society.

At St. Louis church, the service is conducted by Rev. Fr. Barrett, O. M. L., and the choir is composed of the following: Misses Mary Dwyer, Miss Helen A. Lynch, Miss Rose Gallagher, Della O'Brien, Della Fitzgerald, Catherine Reardon, Catherine Dwyer, Nora Fitzgerald and Nellie Lyons.

A STRONG DRAFT NEEDS

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That has Lasting Quality as a most Desirable Feature

Old Co.'s Lehigh

Has long been held in high favor. We can supply you with the genuine in all sizes

Wm. E. Livingston Co.

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Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Columbus, Ohio.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life. My doctor told me it was good, and since taking it I feel so much better that I can do all my work again. I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fine remedy for all woman's troubles, and I never forget to tell my friends what it has done for me."

Mrs. E. HANSON, 204 East Long St., Columbus, Ohio.

Have Caused Great Damage in the Vicinity of Bourne

The D. S. O'Brien Co.
222 MERRIMACK STREET
Old City Hall Building.

SMOKE ECONOMY

TEMPORARY QUARTERS

Nelson's 5c and 10c Store

Near Elevator

Our Price Will Be 29c Each

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1908 was

15,956

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilette, pressman, of The Sun, before J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

The automobile races can never be made a success on the old Vanderbilt policy of "the public be damned."

MORE TARIFF PROTESTS.

The wholesale dry goods merchants of New York have entered a strong protest against the high tariff on cotton goods such as are produced in Lowell and other mill cities of New England. The merchants fear that this exorbitant tariff will result in high prices and thus retard the sale of such goods. Their action is similar to that of the clothing dealers who protest against the exorbitant duty placed upon manufactured woolsens.

THE TARIFF CONFERENCE.

The conferees on the tariff bill seem to be unable to agree upon the various tax measures proposed for raising revenue.

The senate proposed the corporation tax bill to defeat the income tax although the latter was favored by the house, both being recommended by the president in his messages. The house prefers an inheritance tax to the corporation tax and on these issues the conferees are at odds with no present indication of what the compromise will be, for a final agreement of some kind must be reached. The fact that appears most prominent in the conference is the lack of good faith on the part of the senate in its action upon the corporation tax as upon several other features of the tariff bill.

THE PRESIDENT'S BELATED STATEMENT.

President Taft's appeal to the conference committee for revision downward comes too late. Mr. Taft waited, it might be said, until after the eleventh hour to express his views on the tariff. His statement might have affected the result had he spoken before the bill passed into the hands of the conference committee. This committee, as we understand it, has to do only with the points of difference between the bills coming from the senate and house. They cannot revise the work of congress on the schedules fixed by concurrence of both houses. That is why the president's statement cannot bring about any great change in the tariff bill.

This belated statement will not relieve the president from the responsibility he bears to the country as well as to his party. He acknowledges that his party promised revision downward, not upward, and he is desirous that the new tariff measure shall not disappoint the country on that score. He knows that the bill as a whole constitutes revision upward, not downward.

If the president signs the measure he will thereby become responsible for everything it contains, despite his statement that it should be otherwise and that it would be if he and other republicans did not recede from their ante-election pledges.

IT'S UP TO MAYOR BROWN.

If Mayor Brown would drop running his political windmill long enough to attend for awhile to the city's interests this community might be saved the disgrace of having our main business street and the main business square in our city left in a dilapidated condition during the great auto carnival to be held here early in September.

The mayor has written a letter to be sure to Supt. Putnam, urging haste in paving Merrimack street. The letter, like most of his letters, is intended to serve his political ends in case the work be unnecessarily delayed. But will it serve the city in getting Merrimack street paved in due time? It is not by writing letters that a business man would undertake to have this work pushed ahead. The letter writing may serve to show a good intention or to bluff the public. The people don't want letter writing on this subject. They want results. What the mayor should do is to get Supt. Putnam of the street department and Supt. Lees of the Boston & Northern in conference and insist on their getting this work of paving Merrimack street under way without a day's delay.

If they cannot do this then let the mayor call the city council together and have the work done by contract. It is quite easy to get a contractor who will complete this job in three weeks or if necessary in two weeks. The city council should not tolerate the inactivity, the bungling and incompetence shown by Mayor Brown and his superintendent of streets in this whole matter.

Look at the snail-like pace at which the present jobs of paving and sewer work are proceeding. At the present rate of progress we could not expect to see Merrimack street paved before the snow flies. Something must be done. Mayor Brown is responsible, as the chief magistrate of the city, for the condition of affairs. He has the power to push the work along, and if he does not use that power the fault will be his, not that of Supt. Putnam or anybody else.

The slow gait at which the Prescott street job is being done shows that the street department wants a man at the head to push things.

Why not open up space enough to allow the men room to work so that they will not be in one another's way and set the city afire. If this is a fair sample of the speed that Supt. Putnam can put into a job he will have to be reinforced. The same may be said of the paving job on Middlesex street. The number of men in the zone should be doubled or tripled and there should be several shifts. At present B. S. Bowers is in charge of the pavers, and if there were any unusual haste he could handle two or three gangs as big as that now at work.

It is probably a fact that the street railway company will have some difficulty in getting new rails cast for the connections to be put in, but if the company had been reformed in time the necessary rails might have been on the ground. But these are mere speculations. Why wait for them?

We are unwilling to believe that there is any responsible body in getting the necessary work and finishing it up by paying before September. We have contractors in Lowell who would do this work in a month, and if the street department is not competent to pave Merrimack and Bridge streets what then a local contractor should get the job.

The city cannot afford to be deceived in the eyes of the 300,000 people who are likely to attend the automobile races, by having the principal business square and the principal business street in a dilapidated condition, so dangerous to people riding over it in automobiles.

SEEN AND HEARD

Sometimes the man who is just sitting still thinking is working as hard as anybody else, but as a rule it isn't so.

The old idea that woman doesn't reason is altogether wrong. Woman reasons, just the same as man does, only she reasons in such a flash that men call the process intuition.

Not infrequently a young man worries over his sweetheart because he is led by her actions to fear that her love is growing cold, when the real trouble is that she is trying to wear shoes that are too small for her.

When a girl is seventeen, she always reads all the marriage notices in the daily paper. After she gets to be a woman of forty-five, she always reads the deaths.

What a pleasure it is to look at a beautiful sunset with a person who has self-restraint enough not to remark: "No painter in the world could ever reproduce that coloring!"

It seems to be regarded as all right for a man to wear evening dress before six o'clock in the evening when he is going home at four o'clock in the morning.

After a man has been dead for five years, if people are still saying good things about him, he was a good man. As a rule, nobody speaks of a man who has been dead for five years, let alone saying good things about him.

An old maid and a young widow seldom agree exactly in their opinions about men.

It is astonishing how cheaply one can travel all over the world by getting a collection of railroad tickets and folders and sitting down at home in the evening to look them over.

The Germans call a wheelbarrow a

Adams & Co.

Appleton Bank Block
CENTRAL STREET.

Piazza Furniture

Before purchasing don't fail to inspect our line of

PIAZZA CHAIRS,
PIAZZA ROCKERS,
BAMBOO TABLES,
BED HAMMOCKS,
PORCH SCREENS.

CLOSED

Monday Evenings During
July and August.

Michael H. McDonough

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

And all work connected with the business. All orders promptly attended to at any hour of day or night. Connected by telephone.

108 GORHAM STREET.

Cools the Whole Room

A Simplex Oscillator Makes Every Fan Oscillate

DERBY & MORSE

64 Middle St. Tel. 308

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. LOWELL INN, busiest place in Central street.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

Telephone Connection

1010 Central St. Davis Sq.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Hudson Building. Lowell, Mass.

Coal, Wood and Coke

The best that money can buy at rock bottom prices.

Telephone your orders here, where your trade will be appreciated.

JOHN P. QUINN

Gerham and Dix Streets.

Telephones 1180 and 2480. If one is busy, call the other.

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

For Old Sores and Skin Diseases

—FOR SALE—

At All Un-De-De Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

If you want help or home or to your

doctors, try The Sun "Want" column.

"shove car," but not when they fall over the handles of it in the dark.

Somehow it dims the glamor of buying things on the installment plan when the rocking chair breaks down and has to be discarded before you have finished paying for it.

Wellesley doesn't have a summer school, and the sale of pickles and cream puffs out there drops to almost nothing in the vacation season.

When a newspaper critic says that an opera prima donna sings and acts her role convincingly, it means that the critic thinks he has acquired a swell critical vocabulary.

A man in Chicago advertises: "Will exchange piano with \$30 for better one; also will exchange dining-room table and chairs with \$10 for better ones." It is pleasant to see that he is prospering and making his way upward in the world.

When you have to tell a friend an unpleasant truth, try to do it in a pleasant way. He will not mind anything, but you will have the feeling that you have done your duty.

WHO'S AFRAID IN THE DARK?

"Not I!" said the owl,
And gave a great scowl,
And winked his eye,
And fluffed his bow.

"Tu whoo!"
Said the dog, "I bark
out loud in the dark
Boo-oo!"

Said the cat, "Mi-ew!"
I'll scratch any who
Dare say that I do
Feel afraid
Mi-ew!"

"Afraid," said the mouse,
"Of the dark in a house?
Hear me scatter
Whatever's the matter."
Squeak!

Then the toad in his hole,
And the mole in the ground,
They both showed their heads
And passed the word round.

And the bird in the tree,
The fish, and the bee,
They declared, all three,
That you never did see
One of them afraid.

But the little girl who had gone to bed
Just raised the bedclothes and covered her head.

—The Play Box.

CURIOUS ARTICLES

ENTERING FOREIGN COUNTRY

OF UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Recent tariff discussions which include the rates of duty on articles almost unknown by name to the general public have illustrated the breadth of scope of the commerce of the United States. The fact that the world is ransacked for articles to contribute to the wants of the American public, and that the American producers and manufacturers in turn supply the wants of the world, is a fact which is in many instances not considered by the general public as entering international trade, is sharply pointed out by these discussions and the inquiries which grow out of them.

The great variety of the articles forming the trade of the United States with other countries is illustrated more clearly by the bureau of statistics figures of imports than those of exports, due to the fact that its import record is necessarily stated in terms of the tariff law. The fact that the tariff places varying rates of duty upon different articles, and that the quantity of each of the articles or class of articles upon which a separate rate of duty is named requires that bureau to differentiate much more closely in its statement of imports than that of exports. As a result the statement of articles and grades of articles imported contains many thousands of items.

A study of this statement, "Imports for consumption," is issued by the bureau of statistics and constantly consulted by statesmen in preparing, discussing and acting upon the pending tariff bill, shows many curious facts regarding the trade of the United States. The import trade of the United States, with animals, for example, imported for zoological exhibitions and scientific and educational purposes, which are permitted to enter free of duty because of their prospective use for educational and scientific purposes, amounted in 1905 to between six and seven thousand dollars, while those imported for other purposes evidently exceeded this sum by far, since the group, "all other animals," aside from cattle, horses, mules, sheep, swine, animals for breeding purposes, and teams of immigrants, still shows a value of over 100 thousand dollars.

Birds imported in 1905 amounted to over 200 thousand dollars in value, and while they are not specifically enumerated as to varieties, it is presumed that this group is largely composed of canaries and parrots.

Leeches are also enumerated by the bureau of statistics under its general head of animals imported, the total value of the imports of this species in 1908 having been \$5,341, in 1907 \$3,992, in 1906 \$1,194, in 1905 \$3,542, in 1904 \$3,553, in 1903 \$2,116, and in 1902 \$2,112. The commerce in leeches being a case of a growing character. The total value of the leeches imported into the United States in the decade ending with 1908 is about \$10,000. Leeches, it may be added, are imported free of duty. Snails were at one time enumerated as an article of importation, the records from 1854 to 1895 showing snails imported to the extent of about \$3,000, but the small trade so designated, showing only \$24 of imports in 1908, that the bureau discontinued its statements of this article.

"Divi-divi" as an article of importation has been the subject of many jests by the humorists during the tariff discussions of congress, though in fact it is an article of no inconsiderable importance in the tanning industry. The product of a leguminous tree in the West Indies and South America, entering in the form of a pod, and amounting in quantity in 1908 to 124 thousand pounds, valued at between 2 and 3 thousand dollars. The value of the imports of the last decade has aggregated about \$200,000. Divi-divi, which does not come to with other grades of material used in tanning, and which is required in the development of certain lines of this industry, is imported free of duty.

Rose leaves are also imported free of duty when brought in in a crude state, the value of the imports of 1908 being \$100,000, and in 1907 \$100,000, in 1906 \$100,000, in 1905 \$100,000, in 1904 \$100,000, in 1903 \$100,000, in 1902 \$100,000, in 1901 \$100,000, in 1900 \$100,000, in 1899 \$100,000, in 1898 \$100,000, in 1897 \$100,000, in 1896 \$100,000, in 1895 \$100,000, in 1894 \$100,000, in 1893 \$100,000, in 1892 \$100,000, in 1891 \$100,000, in 1890 \$100,000, in 1889 \$100,000, in 1888 \$100,000, in 1887 \$100,000, in 1886 \$100,000, in 1885 \$100,000, in 1884 \$100,000, in 1883 \$100,000, in 1882 \$100,000, in 1881 \$100,000, in 1880 \$100,000, in 1879 \$100,000, in 1878 \$100,000, in 1877 \$100,000, in 1876 \$100,000, in 1875 \$100,000, in 1874 \$100,000, in 1873 \$100,000, in 1872 \$100,000, in 1871 \$100,000, in 1870 \$100,000, in 1869 \$100,000, in 1868 \$100,000, in 1867 \$100,000, in 1866 \$100,000, in 1865 \$100,000, in 1864 \$100,000, in 1863 \$100,000, in 1862 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SIXTEEN DROWNED

Three Bad Accidents in Waters in Vicinity of New York

NEW YORK, July 19.—Sixteen persons, five of them women, met death by drowning in the waters surrounding or in the vicinity of New York yesterday. Ten of the victims perished after the capsizing of the excursion ship Roxana, carrying 25 passengers, which was struck by a sudden squall in lower New York bay, midway between Coney Island and Hoffman Island, late yesterday afternoon.

One of the survivors, one woman, Mrs. C. Knudsen of Brooklyn, is in such a critical condition that she will probably die. Her two daughters were drowned.

The dead in the Roxana disaster: Selma Samsen, New York; Elka Olson, Flatbush; Anna and Selma Knudsen, sisters, 14 and 11 years old, respectively, Brooklyn.

John Christensen, Brooklyn; Abraham Hosen, Brooklyn; Abraham Hosen, Brooklyn; Alfred Engelson, Brooklyn; Peter Seldson, Brooklyn; John Engelson, Brooklyn.

The capsizing of the ship was preceded by a rough and choppy sea by the big Lamont, which happened at the time to be the only other vessel within sight of the accident.

The Roxana, with her skipper, Capt. Samsen, was chartered by Ulmer beach, L. I., yesterday forenoon by a party of Swedes from Brooklyn for a sail across the bay. The first leg of the voyage was made without mishap and all hands went ashore to make merry.

All the afternoon there was a stiff breeze from the south, punctuated by sharp gusts, which kicked up a nasty cross sea against the ebb tide.

Toward 4 o'clock the Roxana, reeling homeward across the bay under all the sail, good judgment would allow, slipped into a small heavier than the rest. She began to heel over in the gust and fell to some back. Instantly he headed for the spot, but before he could reach it, one of the passengers had gone down. Lifelines and buoys were thrown to those still afloat, and after a few minutes of break and anxious work, all in sight were taken aboard.

The other drownings of the day, with one exception, were swimming disasters.

Stephen Ernst, 26 years, of Brooklyn, was drowned off Coney Island while learning to swim.

Charles Hendrickson, 42 years, of Brooklyn, met death in the same vicinity by the upsetting of a rowboat. William Yeager, 16 years, of New York, slipped on some rocks and fell into the Hudson to his death.

On Belmont L. I., Charles Conn, 32 years, got beyond his depth and sank. Giano Rizzo, a laborer, 21 years, perished while swimming in the Harlem

river. Edward Wall, 35 years, of East Orange, N. J., was seized with cramps and drowned in the Morris canal, near Newark.

AUTOPSY HELD

On Body of Infant Found at Merrimack

MERRIMACK, July 19.—Assistant Medical Examiner F. W. Anthony and Dr. J. E. Bryant of Haverhill and Dr. E. A. Smith of this town performed an autopsy yesterday upon the body of the infant found buried in the rear of an outbuilding at Lake Attitash Saturday. Dr. Anthony declined to discuss the case until he had made his report.

It was learned that the doctors would not say for a certainty whether the child had been dead ten days or two months. It is believed that death took place soon after birth. A piece of cloth was tied about the baby's neck as if death had been brought about by strangulation.

Chief of Police Minahan has called the state officers into the case, and yesterday State Detective Michael J. Barrett of Haverhill was at work upon clues furnished by Chief Minahan. Today State Officer Wells took up the work of locating the mother of the child as well as the exact cause of death.

A GREAT OUTING

Mammoth Crowd at Reform Club Picnic

The Lowell Reform club held its 32d annual outing at Varnum's landing on Saturday, with an attendance of nearly 1000 people, including many from Lawrence, Haverhill, Methuen, Dracut and Townsend. During the afternoon many of the picnicers visited the home of General Varnum where they were courteously treated by Mr. and Mrs. Varnum, and the owners of the property. They also visited the graves of General and Molly Varnum nearby.

At 2:30 the program of sports was taken up, with a baseball game first between the Has Beens and the Wood Bees, the former captained by James Thomas and the latter by Mr. H. L. Loman. Mr. Dodge umpired. The Has Beens won by a score of 10 to 6.

The prizes, box of 1-24 cigars, first; box Pippins, second; were donated by friends of the club.

The sports for ladies were: 75 yard dash, won by Miss Bessie Healy, first prize, silk umbrella; second prize, brooch pin, won by Miss Martha Astler.

Dougnut race—First prize, won by May E. Costello; second prize, won by Miss Astler. The first prize was five

pounds choice tea; the second, gold stickpin. There were several other events for ladies for which suitable prizes were given.

Sports for the men: 100 yard dash for members of the club only. First prize, three volumes of Dickens, won by Robert Smith; second prize, meerschaum pipe, won by Charles Gott; third prize, silk necktie and pair of suspenders, won by James Thomas.

100 yard dash, open to all—First prize, meerschaum cigar holder, won by James Smith; second prize, brass pipe, won by Charles Gott.

Half mile run—First prize, large pipe, second prize, box cigars. The first prize was won by James Mather; second by A. Mory.

Hop, step and jump—James Mather, first prize, and P. J. Reedy, second. These men secured minor events for which suitable prizes were given.

Aquatic sports—Boat race, half mile first prize won by Charles L. Foster; second prize by Walter Parker.

Swimming match—James Smith first, Mather second, Foster third.

In the ball promptly at 5 o'clock under Floor Marshall D. J. Maguire, the dancing commenced. The Lowell Reform club orchestra furnished the music. This was kept up until 6:45 o'clock.

The dance officers of the afternoon were: Floor Marshall D. J. Maguire, assistant marshal, James Mather, chief aid, Frank Lapoint, Robert Parker, John Connolly, L. Loman, Claude Lightbourn, Robert Donnelly, John Parker and George Loman.

At 6:30 o'clock supper was served by Mr. and Mrs. Flanders.

Promptly at 8 o'clock the dancing again began and this time the music was dispensed by Gilmore's orchestra of five pieces, which had been secured by the club for the evening.

The dancing continued until a reasonable hour, when several special cars carried the merry picnicers to their homes.

The officers for the evening were: Floor Marshall D. J. Maguire, president of the club, assistant marshal, Pres. P. J. Reedy of the club; chief aid, R. J. Fullerton, treasurer of the corporation; aids, D. J. Maguire, James Mather, Frank Lapoint, G. W. Gardner, C. H. Dodge, J. J. Dunkerley, R. J. Parker, James Thomas, J. J. Preston, Claude

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex, ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of Mary A. Condon, late of Westford, in said County, deceased, intestate.

Whereas a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to Augustine W. Condon, of Westford, in said County, Middlesex, without giving a surety or his bond, and you are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-seventh day of July, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week for three successive weeks in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on or after the day of said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Register, First Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine.

W. E. BOWERS, Registrar.

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LOST AND FOUND

POCKETBOOK LOST Saturday evening in vicinity of Lilley ave. Liberal reward at 25 Dana st.

EYEGLASSES LOST between the Work Shop for the Blind on Central st. and Paige st. A pair of gold rimmed eyeglasses in case. Serviceable and to the owner who is partially blind. Finder please return to Sun Office.

IF THE PERSON who took the hand bag from the steps at 105 Westford st. would return it to the Sun Office no further questions will be asked, as that person is well known to owner and will be prosecuted if it is not returned.

LOST AND FOUND

DRESS SUIT CASE LOST between Long Street for pond and Salem at 101 Cabot st. Finder address A. H. LeBlanc, 101 Cabot st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PARTIES LOOKING FOR AN IDEAL PLACE TO REST will find every accommodation at the Ocean Park House, Lynn, beach, opp. the new boulevard, Mrs. T. Finner.

EDMUND HOTEL, Milford, N. H. Free & Liberty. Proprietors, Lowell boys. Beautiful surroundings and no better place in New Hampshire to spend a quiet vacation. Terms reasonable.

IF YOU WANT A PLEASANT ROOM

for a day or week at Rye Beach, write or call at the Massachusetts House, 122 Boulevard, Rye Beach, Mass. Mrs. D. Garow, Prop.

WEAVERS' APRONS

Calf Skin Pieces
BELT SHOP, Shattuck Street

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BOY SHOT GIRL FARMER MURDERED

"Watch Me Kill Her" is Alleged Threat

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 19.—Before the eyes of her mother, little Frances Lord, four year old daughter of Mrs. and Mrs. Howard Lord, was shot by 10 year old Joseph Kane, who, despite his youthful years, the authorities declare, has already achieved an extended record for juvenile crime.

Mrs. Lord is prostrated, but, according to her story, she saw Kane raise a gun, point it at her daughter, who tried to run and the next instant a blinding flash from the muzzle of the old weapon marked the speeding of the fatal lead. Mrs. Lord's screams brought her husband from the garden and he carried the wounded child to his home. Half an hour afterward she died in her father's arms.

Thomas Ochs, a 11 year old Polish boy, last night told the police an unfaltering story of the slaying: "Josie's parents were away and we found the old gun in the kitchen," said Ochs. "Just then we saw Frances coming up the path, and Josie says, 'Watch me kill her.'"

"Then he ran out of the door, pointed the gun at her and said: 'I am going to shoot you,' Frances cried and said, 'Me only little girl; you mustn't shoot me,' and started to run away. Then Josie shot her and we all ran away."

The gun was an old muzzle loading musket and had been loaded a few days before for blackbirds. Lord last night declared that on several occasions young Kane is said to have threatened to shoot other children in the neighborhood with the weapon.



LAWRENCE R. NELSON,
Who Shot Vanderpool.

FOUR ARE DEAD

32 Persons Injured in Accident at the Berlin Races

BERLIN, July 19.—Four persons were killed, more than 20 severely injured and a dozen others hurt by the explosion of a motor cycle and a fire which followed it during a cycle race at the old Botanic gardens last evening.

Thousands of spectators had gathered around the track, which was opened for the first time a few days ago.

The second event, an endurance race, was on some of the best-known cyclists, including Stedink, Content, Ryser and Stot, participating. After a few laps the tire of one of the pacesetter's motor cycle burst and the rider lost control.

The machine exploded in a burst of flame and the machine leaped into the air and hurtled itself against the barrier, which broke down.

The rider was hurled against other competitors, who were pitched to the track, several of them being severely injured.

So terrific was the speed of the motor cycle that it continued on its course after the explosion, crashing into the public stand, hurling the spectators right and left and setting on fire several women's summer dresses.

Two women were instantly killed, and their bodies, covered with flaming benzene, were burned to cinders.

The wooden stand caught fire and flames flashed in the faces of bystanders who, with clothing ablaze, rushed about shrieking with pain and fear until cool-headed onlookers threw them to the ground and trampled on the fire.

A panic ensued in which a great number, including children, were badly trampled. Eighteen men and four women were seriously injured, two of the men having since died.

The hospital surgeons say that several others are in a hopeless condition.

West Abington Man Was Killed by an Insane Man

WEST ABINGTON, July 19.—De-

ed man ran about 100 feet toward the side A. Vanderpool, a well-to-do farmer, while watering flower plants in the yard at his home on Hancock street at 10 o'clock yesterday morning was shot and almost instantly killed, in the presence of his wife and children and others, by Lawrence F. Nelson, 22 years old, of Brockton, an insane man.

There is not the slightest provocation for the shooting, and Nelson, after he had fired four shots, two of which took effect, walked away muttering incoherently. He was followed by some eyewitnesses to the affair, but he threatened them with his revolver and held them up until he escaped into the nearby woods in the direction of Brockton.

The police and firemen of North Abington were summoned and a search of the woods was begun, which was kept up until about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when word was received that Nelson had surrendered himself to the Brockton police and was locked up in the station house there. He admitted the shooting.

Nelson had twice escaped from an asylum at Concord, N. H.

Had Worked for Man He Killed

Nelson was employed on the Vanderpool farm for about a week in the early spring, clearing some land about the place of underbrush and preparing it for cultivation. He was well liked by the family, and while he was a good worker when he felt inclined that way, he was not persistent and was decided to let him go, which seemed perfectly agreeable to him.

Since then he has spent his time off and on, at George Manly's gunning stand, which is beside a large pond in the Cleveland meadows, a short distance from the Vanderpool farm. The last seen of him there was on Thursday night.

A little before 10 o'clock yesterday morning he was seen coming from the direction of North Abington by Michael Gorman and Bradford Reed, and when they met he asked them if Mr. Vanderpool was at home. They did not know, and he kept on to the house, which was only a short distance away.

Mr. Vanderpool was watering the plants near the house at the time Mrs. Vanderpool and three of her five small children were watching him from the kitchen and Jules Rockens, who has a partnership in the farm, was working in the field, 50 yards away.

Nelson walked into the yard, approached to about 20 feet of Mr. Vanderpool, and as the latter turned to greet him, without a word of warning, Nelson drew his revolver from the breast pocket of his flannel shirt and began firing rapidly.

One shot took effect on the left side, just below the armpit and went through the arteries of the heart. Another bullet fired by Nelson missed its mark.

Mr. Vanderpool turned and ran and Nelson followed him a couple of paces, firing two more shots, one of which went wide, the other striking him on the right side of the neck. The wound-

ed man ran about 100 feet toward the rear of the barn and dropped.

Nelson placed the revolver in his shirt pocket and walked out to the highway. John, who is 13 years old and the eldest of Mr. Vanderpool's children, ran screaming into the barn, fearing that Nelson would shoot him. Mrs. Vanderpool rushed from the house to where her husband lay under a small tree in the yard and placed his head in her lap, but in a moment realized that he was dead.

Mrs. Bernard Blanchard, the nearest neighbor, who had heard the shots, came to the door, and as Nelson walked leisurely past her house she asked him what was the matter. "There is nothing the matter," he replied. "I have shot a man, that's all."

Gives Himself Up

Mr. Rockens ran from the field and started up the road after Nelson. He called on Geo. W. Wiggins and James Gorman, who had come out of Mr. Wiggins' house when they heard the revolver shots, to help him catch Nelson, saying that he had killed Mr. Vanderpool.

The two started for the road, but Nelson pulled his revolver and ordered them to stand back. As they were unarmed they thought it best to follow his directions.

Mr. Wiggins returned to the house, got his rifle and furnished his son-in-law, George Dougherty, with a double-barreled shotgun and some cartridges loaded with buckshot. As Nelson saw them coming from the house he jumped the fence and disappeared in the woods which skirt the road.

Chief of Police John F. Hollis of North Abington was notified, and he ordered the acting chief of the first department, John D. O'Brien, who is also a special officer, to call out the firemen. About 30 members responded. They were divided into ten squads, and after being armed with shotguns, rifles and revolvers, they were sent into the woods where Nelson was last seen.

Word was also sent to Policeman Frank Nash of Abington to be on the lookout for Nelson in that direction, and the chief of police of Brockton was notified, so that the fugitive was practically surrounded.

If he had had any serious intention of trying to escape Nelson changed his mind, for when he reached Linwood street, near the head of Rockland street in Abington, he held up Edward F. Donahue and Frank Nash of Brockton, who were out driving, and told them he wanted to be taken to the police station.

Eagles, Notice!

All members of Lowell Eagle No. 223 are requested to be present at the meeting of our late brother, Edward F. Black, 900 Central street, this evening, at 8 o'clock, where the exercises of our order will be held. Per order, JAMES F. MORRISON, W. Pres., JOHN M. HOGAN, Sec.

INFORMATION WANTED as to the whereabouts of B. J. Bull, who last heard of he was in Lowell. He can learn something of interest to him by writing W. L. Office.

YOUNG LADY, 15 or 20 years old, wanted at once as bookkeeper and cashier. Write editing experience, references, etc. Address 20-11, Sun Office.

This Store Closes Tuesdays at 12.30

PENALTY PRICES

THE "Merrimack" Ladies' Store is at the mercy of the intelligent and prudent woman who accepts the opportunity to replenish her wardrobe with fresh, serviceable merchandise at a saving of 30 to 50 per cent. There is no desire to have you buy goods that are passe—that you will never use. Our offer represents the cream of this season's purchase in correct, fresh and seasonable wearing apparel.

An hour spent here this week, today if possible, will be worth the saving of many dollars to you.

You will surely wish to see the collection of light, breezy, summer finery, we offer at \$3.95 each.

The MERRIMACK

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL.

POLICE CHANGES

The Liquor Squad Reduced to Two Men

There was a shakeup at the police station Saturday night, and as exclusively announced in The Sun during the week past the liquor squad was practically abolished. While the order announcing changes was signed by Acting Superintendent Richmond Welch, the change was made at the instigation of Messrs. Harris and MacBrayne.

The liquor squad has been reduced from four to two members, Sergt. Thomas Atkinson, being the only member to remain. He will be assisted in the work by Patrolman George Palmer.

Patrolman Grady, formerly of the liquor squad, will hereafter, during the day, be found in the vicinity of the city farm. Frank Fox, who has not done much bicycle riding since he became a liquor inspector, will be given a chance to get into training for his old job in Pawtucketville. Phil Dwyer has been assigned to do duty in Centralville on the early night shift. Patrolman Provencher has been transferred to Patrolman Palmer's route.

Officer Henry Somers was transferred from the city farm district to the late Hermon Tilton's beat in the Highlands district, while Patrolman Cook has been assigned to Merrimack square daily, from 1 p. m. to 11 p. m.

Patrolman Hamilton of the bicycle squad has been transferred from Pawtucketville to Bolvidere, and Patrolman McNally will do duty henceforth in lower Chelmsford street.

Patrolman Flanagan has been assigned to Cornelius Howard's route, days in the Bleachery district, and Patrolman Gillis will work on the late Patrolman McNabb's route in Centralville. Patrolman Conlon will work in Pawtucketville nights, and Patrolman Swanwick will take Patrolman Cook's old beat in Chapel hill section.

IT DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Everyone admits it to be LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER



THE NEW SHAH

May Go Abroad to Study

TEHERAN, Persia, July 19.—The new shah, the former Crown Prince Sultan Ahmed Mirza, accompanied by his tutor and a British and Russian agent, left yesterday morning for the Russian frontier, bound for the Sultanate of Persia. As the shah is a minor, the government is reported from at the gate and returned to the shah, thus signifying that his father is no longer under the influence of Russia.

OFFICERS CHOSEN

BY THE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Trades and Labor council was held yesterday afternoon. There was a large attendance of members and a number of business of importance was transacted during the meeting. Several reports of delegates and committees were received and adopted. The following officers were elected for the coming year:

President, J. F. Conway; vice-president, M. A. Lee; recording secretary, P. M. Bell; financial secretary, J. J. Lee; treasurer, Annie O'Brien; and other officers, William O'Connell, John M. Hogan, George McGowan, and others.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Harry C. Bowen of this city and Miss M. Pratt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Pratt of Dover were married at the home of the bride's parents at 1000 State street, June 30. Mr. and Mrs. Bowen returned to this city where they will be at home at 172 School street.

COUTURE-EMOND

Mr. Harry C. Bowen and Miss M. Pratt were married yesterday at the home of the bride's parents at 1000 State street, June 30. Mr. and Mrs. Bowen returned to this city where they will be at home at 172 School street.

BILLERICA NEWS

Great Field Day of M. T. Society

A well attended and successful field day was held Saturday afternoon at Parker's grove, Billerica Centre, under the auspices of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society of North Billerica. The plans which had been carefully prepared were carried out in every particular, and the thousand people who were present had a most enjoyable time.

There was an exceptionally fine list of sports held and the entries included many of the fast men in this section of the state.

The feature of the day was the five mile marathon race for which a silver cup was the first prize. This race was won by M. Morris of Brookline, A. A. with H. Brawley of St. Alphonsus, A. A. second and "Joe" Christian of Lowell third. The winner's time was 28 minutes. There were 16 starters.

There were but two teams in the relay race, but nevertheless it was interesting, the Billerica team defeating the Cambridge Y. M. C. A. The final heat of the 100 yards dash went to Prout of the B. A. A.

Besides the sports there were many interesting features. For instance, there was the midway with its various attractions, while music was rendered during the afternoon and evening by the Chelmsford band.

The summary of the sports was as follows:

One hundred yards dash, first prize, \$7.00; second prize, \$3.00; third prize, \$1.00. Winner, C. Prout, B. A. A. Time, 10 1-2 seconds; second prize, box of 50 cigars, won by C. F. Dodge, Dartmouth college.

Shoe race for boys, first prize, knife, won by C. O'Brien; second prize, baseball, won by B. Blackler.

One mile relay race, four prizes; winning team, \$3.00; second prize, \$2.00; third prize, \$1.00; fourth prize, \$0.50. Winning teams, Leslie Bull, C. E. Brockley, H. Bull and Dodge.

One hundred yards dash for boys, first prize, baseball gloves, won by Ray Raymond. Time, 12 1-4 seconds; second prize, baseball bat, won by C. Rogers.

Fifty yards race for ladies, first prize, chain and lock, won by Evelyn Cline; second prize, picture, won by Lillian Barton.

Read jump, prize \$3 briar pipe, won by C. Brockley of Everett. Distance, 15 feet 6 inches.

Point to point race, prize pair of \$2 hat gloves, won by Marcella Healey.

Shoe race, prize bag flour, won by W. C. McAnis, Cambridge Y. M. C. A. Time, 10 1-2 seconds; second prize, box of cigars, won by Phil and McNulty, the North Billerica team.

Five mile marathon, first prize silver cup, valued at \$25, won by M. Morris, Brookline, A. A. Time, 28 minutes; second prize, suit case, valued at \$12.50, won by Harry A. Brawley, St. Alphonsus, A. A.

The one hundred yards swimming race, first prize \$2.50 fountain pen, won by H. Campbell; second prize, box of cigars, won by A. Smith.

Single paddle canoe race, first prize, \$3 hat, won by Edward Carr; second prize, box of cigars, won by Oliver Curtis.

Triple canyote, prize \$5 umbrella, won by George Thompson.

Double paddle canoe race, first prize,

\$10,000 DAMAGE

Fire at Lincoln Wharf, Boston

BOSTON, July 19.—Fire at a coal pocket on Lincoln wharf, owned by the Boston Elevated Railroad Co., caused damage of about \$10,000 to the hoisting apparatus last night. For a time the steamer Calvin Austin, belonging to the Eastern Steamship Co., and the coal steamer, were endangered but effective work by the fire boat saved them.

ROOF PURGOLA

On Y. W. C. A. Building

The roof of the Y. W. C. A. building was the scene of a somewhat unusual and very impressive gathering yesterday afternoon. The event was the dedication of the pergola and there were more than 1000 persons present. The pergola was prettily decorated with flowers and palms.

Mrs. S. H. Thompson, president of the association, presided, and after a few pleasing and appropriate remarks addressed Mrs. Thompson. Her address was one of the various means in assisting to the approach of the spiritual ideal. He said that the work for the betterment of young women was a glorious work.

The Kirk street quartet favored with three selections. From now on the pergola is open to the young women of the city.

CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC

Store Open All Day Tuesday

TUESDAY AFTERNOON

NAINSOOK CORSET COVERS, wide lace, net with ribbon in neck, lace arm trimming to match; another style with French embroidery yokes, heading and ribbon with lace in neck and arms. Better than covers advertised as 50c garments..... Tuesday Afternoon 25c Each

CAMBRIC PETTICOATS with deep ruffle of hand embroidery, tucks above..... 50c Each

CHEMISE GOWNS OF NAINSOOK with yoke of French embroidery, ribbon and hemstitching..... 50c Each

PETTICOATS of pretty stripe gingham, tucked ruffle..... 50c Each

No other store sells "Chic" Underwear.

THE "CHIC" SHOP

32 CENTRAL STREET

CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC CHIC

offer of \$20,000 for Kling but I have done nothing in regard to it. You know Kling will have to play with my club first. He is a great player and I must not act hastily in his case.

LATEST

SUGAR TRUST CASE

Defendants Refuse to Enter Plea of Guilty

NEW YORK, July 19.—Thomas Harland and Gustave Kissel, co-defendants with the American Sugar Refining Co. in the government's action under the anti-trust law today were given two weeks extension in which to change their pleas of not guilty. The postponement was asked by their attorneys before Judge Hand in the United States district court and agreed to by Asst. U. S. Dist. Atty. Grim. The same privilege was offered by Judge Hand to the attorneys representing the officers and directors of the company but was declined. Tompkins McIlwaine, general counsel for the corporation, said he was ready to plead tomorrow.

MOORS AND SPANIARDS CLASH

MADRID, July 19.—Official despatches received here today indicate that the fighting between the Moors and Spaniards at Melilla was more grave than at first believed. The Moorish cavalry swarmed down on the Spanish headquarters, firing their guns as they appeared. The tribesmen displayed fanatical bravery and their headlong charge was only stopped by a deadly fire from the Spanish batteries. The Moors returned the attack during the night and the battle was still raging this morning. The Spanish losses were important, among the dead being a lieutenant colonel, a commandant and a captain.

OMNIBUS BILL PASSED

WASHINGTON, July 19.—An omnibus bill authorizing the construction of bridges across various navigable waters of the United States was passed by the house today.

WE HATE HIVES

But Oh You Brown-Tail Moth

LIST TO THE COMPLAINT FROM YORK BEACH

Most Peculiar Manifestation of Brown-Tail Ever Heard Of—Great Swarms of Moths Seize Reverse Beach—Dr. Reiff to the Rescue

A funny story comes from York Beach, that we are taking with a little salt, but, gentle reader, you may spice it to suit yourself. It is reported with all seriousness and it is one of the most peculiar manifestations of the brown tail moth epidemic ever heard of. It has the annual appearance of the sea serpent faded to faint.

It appears that in the course of a heavy electric storm at the beach, the electric plant was shut down, to avoid any trouble to the machinery and the moths without their customary attraction and minus their customary lunar route, owing to the thick overcast, were attracted by the phosphoric display of the waves and flew in droves to the ocean.

The sight afforded great pleasure to the people on the beach who congratulated themselves upon being so easily rid of thousands of the pests. It has always been assumed that water as well as fire would effectively destroy the moth, but batmen at this beach at least can truthfully testify to the contrary, as those who indulged in their morning plunge the following day are all suffering from a most aggravated case of the brown tail moth itch. The itching those who spent some of the bathing hour in rolling in the sand.

At first no satisfactory explanation could be offered, but upon further investigation it was discovered that the moths were but enjoying an evening bath, and that the high tide deposited them high and dry upon the sand where the hot sun of the morning soon revived them to such a degree of activity that the unsuspecting bathers in definitely postponed their bathing hour and are occupying the time by applying different kinds of lotions.

Moths Seize Reverse

Thousands who went down to Reverse Beach and all the surrounding beach, in Winthrop, Orient, Haverhill, and that section, were wishing last night that Uncle Sam's great armada of Provincetown could get on the job and repel the invading army of brown tail moths which had taken to the ocean's edge along at midnight.

In whirling, fluttering, dazy, fazy, flitting clouds, in billows and by millions apparently they took possession. The air was filled with their peculiarly offensive, skin-irritating fur and many a strong right arm felt a shapely waist as the cotton swains vainly swatted at the elusive nuisances. The electric light poles quickly took on fantastic shapes and one gazing at such a sight, got the idea of the moving pictures when time is seen to wear out.

On the walks they furnished a most disagreeable picture and the more crowds slipped and swore and said sarcastic things about the state of the city, the more they were attracted to the city, forming a competition here to see who could break the world's record.

Residents of Winthrop quickly and at a running pace, broke the world's record at a moving target.

Kissel and Harland are brought into the government prosecution as an allegation that they had negotiated the loan to Adolph Siegel, president of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Co. through which the American is said to have gained control of the Pennsylvania concern. In conjunction with the officers of the American Sugar Co. they pleaded not guilty on July 6. The attorneys for Kissel and Harland today indicated that the defense of their clients would be materially different from that advanced by the officers and directors of the company. John Mayer, the only one of the indicted men who had not previously entered a plea, appeared before Judge Hand today and pleaded not guilty.

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WOMAN'S HUSBAND CORPORATION TAX



MRS. FANNIE CONNABLE OF LANCASTER.

Says That She Was Hypnotized by a Count

BOSTON, July 19.—Helpless, her husband says, under the hypnotic power of the fascinating and brilliant Italian "Count" Guido Costarelli de Gregorio, Mrs. Joseph P. Lancaster of Boston is on board the White Star liner Baltic speeding for the one-time Boston society lion's alleged ancestral estates, practically a prisoner.

Her husband believes that she is the victim of a plot with a financial motive, and that the young matron, the daughter of one of the oldest and wealthiest families of Boston, is in the power of unscrupulous men who intend to force her husband to secure a divorce and then marry the divorced wife. "Count" Costarelli and get hold of the fortune she possesses in her own right.

The deserted husband, heartbroken and half-crazed with anxiety and grief, discovered his wife's absence and pursued the pair to New York, arriving just too late to intercept them before the Baltic sailed.

But by means of the wireless he has succeeded in apprising Captain J. B. Ransom of the Baltic of the real identity of the woman entered on the passenger list as "Signora Costarelli," and is in receipt of the comforting assurance that Captain Ransom has assigned Mrs. Lancaster to a separate stateroom and will keep her under his personal surveillance until the Baltic touches at the first port.

There friends of the Lancasters have been reached by cable and will attempt to persuade the woman to leave the steamer and await the arrival of her family.

Confident that he will succeed in thwarting the designing "Count's" money-making scheme, Mr. Lancaster is at the Hotel Delmont in New York awaiting the next sailing to begin his pursuit across the Atlantic.

Early this morning he was joined there by Mrs. Lancaster's mother and sister, who had been waiting at the Mountain House at Mohonk Lake, N. Y. for Mrs. Lancaster. It was the latter's failure to arrive there on last Thursday evening which aroused the suspicions of her family and brought the woman's husband to Boston post haste to discover her flight with Costarelli.

Not in years has Boston and New York society had such a sensation as that which started the exclusive set yesterday morning when they learned through the newspapers of the elopement.

Even now many refuse to credit the reported facts of the amazing story. One of Mrs. Lancaster's sisters, Mrs. Harriet Bennett, who makes her summer home at Annisquam, is positive that her sister is with her mother at Lake Mohonk.

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Conferees Agree to Accept the Senate Amendment

WASHINGTON, July 19.—At its final session today the conferees commission of the two houses of congress on the tariff bill agreed to accept the senate corporation tax amendment but the agreement was not reached until after the provision had been retracted by the attorney general and many changes had been made.

Since conferring with President Taft, Senator Aldrich and Rep. Payne at the White House, Senator Bradley of Kentucky and acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Wheeler have been at work preparing a new amendment to the internal revenue law by which it is added a provision which will give to tobacco raisers for the sale of their own tobacco without opening the way to fraud. The house provided for the exemption of the farmers from the six cent internal revenue tax on uncut tobacco, a provision which recorded the farmers taking advantage of this exemption to supply the internal revenue officers with a complete record of their sales. Senator Bradley desired a more liberal arrangement and as a result of the White House conference it was said an entirely new proposition would be presented to the conferees today.

Senator Cullum, who is one of the conferees on the tariff bill in behalf of the senate, was called away from the conference today to attend his wife, who is very ill with an affliction of the heart at Atlantic City.

Before leaving, Mr. Cullum left instructions with Senator Aldrich to cast his vote in favor of free hides, for the senate duty on gloves and hosiery, for free coal or for a reciprocal arrangement and for the senate city arrangement and for the senate provision for a countervailing duty on petroleum.

Before entering today upon the routine work before them the members of the conferees were told by Senator Aldrich that the administration's new draft corporation tax provision had been completed and could be submitted to the conferees at any time. As the original, the revision is the joint production of Attorney General Wickersham and Senator Root and Mr. Aldrich said they were prepared to appear before the committee at any time and explain the changes.

Mr. Aldrich expressed the opinion that very little more time would be necessary to complete the committee's consideration of the corporation tax amendment but no time was then fixed for taking it up.

Today's session

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Almost complete disappearance of the opposition which was characterized by the demeanor of members of congress lately distinguished today the opening of what is hoped and expected to be the last week of the conference on the tariff bill.

The crisis in the framing of the new tariff has been reached and aside from a few relatively unimportant subjects requiring technical consideration the disposition of the articles regarding which there has been the greatest controversy is the only concern of the conferees.

Final agreement on the cotton schedule was expected to be reached today. The authorization of the rates to be fixed on hosiery it was thought might be the only controversy in this schedule which will not be definitely settled by the conferees before adjournment tonight. The settlement of the other articles of cotton manufacture has depended mainly on the ability of the senate conferees to convince the defenders of the house measure that the specific rates adopted by the former are for the purpose of preventing frauds and would not increase the Dingley ad valorem rates. Rep. Payne has taken a firm stand with reference to the higher duties placed by the house on women's stockings and it was believed that the other house conferees would support him in his contention for the house rates which are a considerable advance over the existing duties. The senate restored the Dingley rates which the house conferees have contended gives the importers an unfair advantage over the domestic manufacturers.

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WASHINGTON, July 19.—At its final session today the conferees commission of the two houses of congress on the tariff bill agreed to accept the senate corporation tax amendment but the agreement was not reached until after the provision had been retracted by the attorney general and many changes had been made.

Since conferring with President Taft, Senator Aldrich and Rep. Payne at the White House, Senator Bradley of Kentucky and acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Wheeler have been at work preparing a new amendment to the internal revenue law by which it is added a provision which will give to tobacco raisers for the sale of their own tobacco without opening the way to fraud. The house provided for the exemption of the farmers from the six cent internal revenue tax on uncut tobacco, a provision which recorded the farmers taking advantage of this exemption to supply the internal revenue officers with a complete record of their sales. Senator Bradley desired a more liberal arrangement and as a result of the White House conference it was said an entirely new proposition would be presented to the conferees today.

Senator Cullum, who is one of the conferees on the tariff bill in behalf of the senate, was called away from the conference today to attend his wife, who is very ill with an affliction of the heart at Atlantic City.

Before leaving, Mr. Cullum left instructions with Senator Aldrich to cast his vote in favor of free hides, for the senate duty on gloves and hosiery, for free coal or for a reciprocal arrangement and for the senate city arrangement and for the senate provision for a countervailing duty on petroleum.

Before entering today upon the routine work before them the members of the conferees were told by Senator Aldrich that the administration's new draft corporation tax provision had been completed and could be submitted to the conferees at any time. As the original, the revision is the joint production of Attorney General Wickersham and Senator Root and Mr. Aldrich said they were prepared to appear before the committee at any time and explain the changes.

Mr. Aldrich expressed the opinion that very little more time would be necessary to complete the committee's consideration of the corporation tax amendment but no time was then fixed for taking it up.

Today's session

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Wrecking & Lake Erie railroad is reported near Lakewood, Pa. Reported several injured, none killed. The assistance of the railroad is being requested.

FOREST FIRES

Have Caused Great Damage in the Vicinity of Bourne

BOURNE, July 19.—Getting entirely beyond the control of the fire wardens, the forest fire which raged Saturday and Sunday night in the Bourne woods, swept to the shore of Great Herring pond yesterday, burning two dwellings in Bourne and threatening many others. The fine summer residence of Edward Hatch of Boston and a camp occupied by many Hebrew children from Boston located on the west shore of the pond were destroyed. Between five hundred and a thousand persons were battling with the flames last night, including summer cottages, as well as all the year residents at Bourne, Bourne, Sagamore and Plymouth. Late in the evening a slight rain began to fall and the prospect that it might develop into a downpour afforded the only real hope that the rash of flames could be stayed. Women and children as well as men engaged in the struggle to save their homes.

In the path of the flames were the summer residences of William Musgrave, Chester Pratt and William H. Norton, all of Boston, the permanent residence of William A. Nye, formerly of the Massachusetts senate, and the magnificent summer home of William Beale of Cuba.

At 10 o'clock last night the fire had swept to the west shore of Great Herring pond in 20 different places and at each of these points the danger to buildings was great. A heavy growth of oak timber extending almost to the line of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad lay in the path of the flames beyond the village of Bourne, on the shores of the pond. Fortunately the wind was light. All through the day and evening while they were bending every effort to stay the fire, the wardens were apprehensive of a shift of wind which would carry the blaze towards Buzzards Bay and Butternut Bay, where there are large settlements of valuable summer estates.

The fire started Saturday afternoon near the Plymouth line, and has burned over about 800 acres of woodland between Great Sandy pond and Great Herring pond, in the town of Bourne. It is estimated that thus far the damage amounts to \$40,000. The Hatch residence was valued at \$20,000, the Hebrew camp at \$5000 and the timber burned over, most of which belonged to Benjamin Bourne, at \$15,000.

Some of the fire wardens were burning over a tract of woodland Saturday to exterminate a colony of caterpillars pests a short time before the fire was discovered, in a neighboring woodlot, and it is supposed that the great blaze

was started in this way, although the wardens say that they had their fire well under control.

REV. SMITH BAKER

Preached on Ignorance of the Bible

"Ninety per cent. of all skepticism is due to ignorance of the Bible," said Rev. Smith Baker, D. D., at the First Congregational church, Sunday evening. His subject was "The Visions of Young People" and he said there are three conditions of mind that must be attained before success is achieved, namely, attention, knowledge and love.

"When men," he said, "have given their attention earnestly and honestly, when they have gained knowledge of the hidden meanings in the Bible, then all is revealed to them and their astounding ignorance of things as shown in their former attitude is carried home deeply."

"The third position of mind is that love for work. Love is a requisite for the deepest insight. Love is back of it all; it is the heart back of the brain that opens the brain. The heart leads men to think and to study to find out. Love is the interpreter of truth and most of all of spiritual truths. Nobody can understand the Bible who hasn't come to Christ, nobody understands the Great Book who is out of sympathy with his teachings, and ninety per cent. of all skepticism is due to ignorance of the Bible."

"What is the secret of usefulness?" "It is not opportunity, not greater ability, not wealth. Culture is all very beautiful, wealth is a great thing to have, ability must not be looked down on. But you know men and women who have no more ability or opportunity or wealth than you, who have been much more successful. Wealth and environment have almost nothing to do with success. The opportunities for usefulness in our everyday lives are as thick about us as dust. When you love to do something your eyes are opened; the love of doing leads you on and on until you do something. And the love of doing is the secret of usefulness in life."

"Most men who have been successful have never attained what they wanted. Their success has never been complete. As they worked on and on, vistas were opened to them, new work presented itself to them. The higher they climbed the wider the vision became. The better equipped they became the better were they able to discern what needed to be completed. And so it is with our lives. In our youth we discern but little of what will be revealed to us in after life. If we give attention, gain knowledge and approach our work with love then success is ours."

Rev. Dr. Bartlett occupied the pulpit at the Kirk street church yesterday and preached to a large congregation. The church was prettily decorated. The pulpit desk and the front of the platform were fairly banked with pond lilies. Howard W. Foster of Tewksbury had charge of the decorations.

AN ACCIDENT

Woman Took Dose of Paris Green

Mrs. Ross Demmichel, of 39 Chelmsford street, accidentally took a dose of paris green sometime yesterday and is now at St. John's hospital. She is in a critical condition, though it is expected that she will recover.

Her husband, who is a baker at Friend Bros. establishment, stated that Mrs. Demmichel's illness was purely an accident, and that he had no knowledge as to how she came to take the poison. The first he knew of her illness was when she entered his room in the afternoon and told him she was not feeling well.

She became rapidly worse and the ambulance was called and made a record trip to the house. The woman was removed to St. John's hospital.

ON THE COMMON

LAW AND ORDER MEETING ADDRESSED BY PROF. NICHOLS

There were two meetings on the South common Sunday afternoon and both were in session at one and the same time. One was a meeting of the public meetings committee of the Law and Order League and the other was a meeting under the auspices of the Lowell Socialist club.

The principal speaker at the Law and Order meeting was Prof. John A. Nichols of Boston, field secretary of the Twentieth Century Pledge Signing crusade. He spoke of the effect of liquor on the character of the workingman. There was music by Mrs. Gertrude Pratt Hutchinson.

LONDON'S NAVAL PAGEANT
LONDON, July 19.—London's naval pageant, in which 150 warships are taking part, was favored yesterday by glorious weather and is pronounced an enormous success.

The thrush of visitors to the South End was so great that it caused a temporary famine. The whole river is en fête.

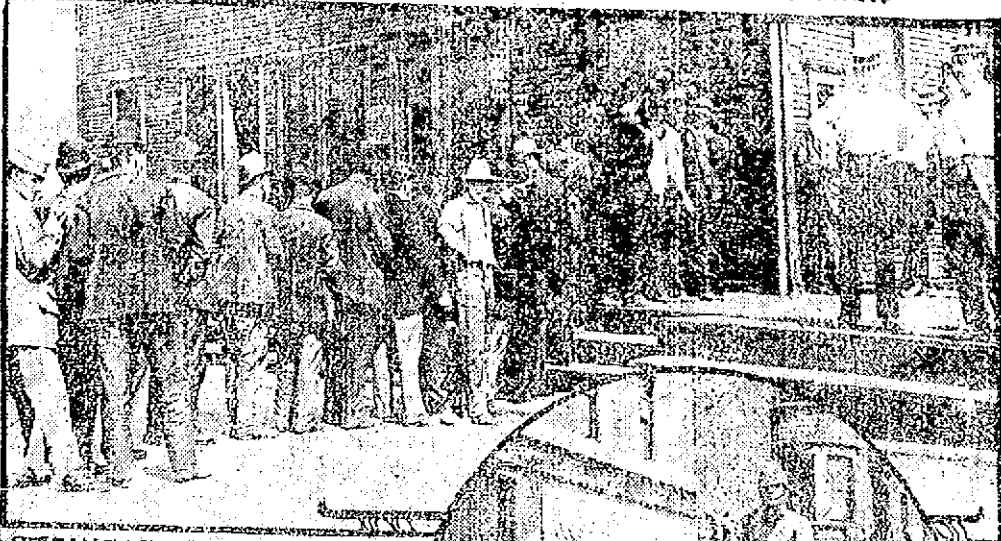
SMOKE ECONOMY

For driving automobiles or tricycles, most any smoker will find that our Havana Second has the bill. Our claim is that it is the finest cigar in the world may seem strange, and every smoker might not agree with us, but it certainly satisfies many smokers who usually smoke 10 cigars. Six for 25c or 12 for \$1.00. Howard, the druggist, 107 Central street.

SCENES AT STRIKE OF 5000 WORKMEN IN STEEL CAR WORKS NEAR PITTSBURG



STATE CONSTABULARY GUARDING PRESSED STEEL CAR WORKS



STRIKERS DRAWING THEIR LAST PAY

PITTSBURG, July 19.—Frank N. Hoffstad, president of the Pressed Steel Car company, has announced that none of the 5000 men who went on strike at the McKees Rocks plant, near Pittsburgh, will ever be employed by his company again. While the rioting was at its height many families were evicted from the company's dwellings, and all connected with the strike were driven away from the plant. Sheriff Gumbert made plans for an arbitration meeting of the representatives of the strikers and the company, but Mr. Hoffstad declared that no steps whatever looking toward arbitration would be taken by the company. Officers of the state constabulary ordered their men to use baton cartridges and shoot to kill when attacked by the strikers. The most severe clash between the strikers and deputy sheriffs occurred when the officials took two carloads of prisoners from the works. The strikers attacked the cars, firing upon the guards and following the train some distance in automobiles. The prisoners were held in \$500 bail each to answer to charges of rioting and destroying property.

KILLED BY AUTO
HEAD OF NATIONAL CASKET CO. THE VICTIM

ONEDA, N. Y., July 19.—C. William Chappell, president of the National Casket Co., was killed in an automobile accident near Canastota, late yesterday.



Defy Hot Weather

For those who suffer from heat, exhaustion, insomnia, poor stomachs or weak bowels, life during hot weather is made worth living by using a little genuine

Sanford's Ginger

in the form of ginger soda, lemonade, milk-shake, egg-nog or tea. Delicious, refreshing and always healthful. Taken hot, Sanford's Ginger stops cramps, pains, colds, chills and dangerous summer ills, quiets the nerves and promotes natural sleep.

A dose of Sanford's Ginger in bed, with a glass of water, will cure the most severe cases of summer ills. It is the only ginger that is pure and healthful.

STATE CONSTABULARY

Guarding Property of the Standard Steel Car Co.

RUTLER, Pa., July 13.—Taking the striking employees of the Standard Steel Car Co. completely by surprise, a detachment of state constabulary arrived here from Pottsville late yesterday afternoon to guard the company's property at Lyndora. The strikers, angered by the appearance of the troops, gathered around the plant yard and in a clash with the mounted troopers, one striker was probably fatally shot, two members of the crowd were wounded and over ten injured. Fifteen alleged strike leaders were arrested by the troops.

The entrance of 500 employees of the Standard Steel Car Co., a concern manufacturing pressed steel wheels, into the ranks of the striking men of the Standard Steel Car Co. makes the situation at Butler, Pa., critical. The wheel company's employees refused to report for work yesterday.

The men on strike at both plants are unorganized. The principal contention of the striking men is that both the car and wheel companies refuse to pay wages in proportion to the amount of work turned out.

The strike situation at the car company's plant really became serious early yesterday, following an attempt by half a thousand strikers to tear down the car company's board fence. The strikers, it is reported, had been told that two box cars had been taken into the plant Saturday, loaded with strike breakers. A rush was made upon the plant gates, but the heavy doors refused to yield. The mob armed themselves with railway ties and heavy bats.

HORNE COAL CO.

THE FINEST SELECTION OF COAL THEY HAVE HAD FOR SEVERAL YEARS. PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

TEMPORARY QUARTERS

Nelson's 5c and 10c Store Near Elevator

A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE.

Monday, Women May Buy This \$10 Natural Color Linen Suit at \$7.98

Women will quickly decide that it would be a pity to miss so good a bargain. The coat is 42 inches long, semi-fitting. The skirt is gracefully gored and finished, with button trimmed front panel. Sizes 34 to 44.

Women's \$6 Linene Suits \$2.98

These Suits were good sellers in the season, but now the sizes are broken and we can't get any more of them. Colors, dark blue, natural, rose, lavender and white.

INTERESTING KIMONAS

Every traveler needs one of these cool Wrappers of cotton crepe, lawn, silk or albatross in her trunk.

Plain or figured 95c to \$5.00

Remember our assortment of New Fall Sweaters is the Largest in the City

\$10 All Linen Coats \$5.00

The few remaining Coats from the sale of Linen Coats, we had last Monday, we will close out at \$5.00, as the sizes are broken. These Coats are 50 inches long and are all linen. Come early as the lot is small.

Cloak Dept.

Second Floor

Special Underprice for \$1.59 Napkins for Monday and Tuesday

We have 127 dozen Fine Damask Napkins, 19 inches square, full bleached, all pure linen. Four patterns, star centre with rose border, ivy leaf, marguerites, daisy centre with scroll border. For today and tomorrow, we offer these Napkins at

Only \$1.19 a Dozen

We'll be glad to fill telephone orders. Call 1401, Dept. C.

Palmer Street

Left Aisle

Bed Hammocks, Only \$5.98

50 Swinging Cots or Bed Hammocks, in white duck or khaki cloth, with soft top and bottom mattress covered with blue, red, brown or green. As a special inducement we offer the lot at

Only \$5.98 Each

Wind Shields are \$1.00 each extra.

Merrimack Street.

Basement.

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPT.

5000 Yards of Fine Plain and Printed Batiste, Fine Dimities and Organdies, at less than regular prices.

To close the balance of all our Summer Dress Goods, we have offered them at much less than cost. Fine Batiste, new Dimities and Organdies in half pieces. All new patterns and very handsome coloring, and all fast colors, very nice fabrics for vacation and summer dresses.

Dimity, Batiste and Organdie, worth from 10c to 12½c yard.

To Close at Only 5c a Yard

Special for Monday Evening at 7 O'Clock in in our Men's Bargain Dept.

25 DOZEN KHAKI SHIRTS

For this evening only, we offer 35 dozen of men's Shirts, made of extra good khaki cloth and well made with double seams all over shirts, cut extra large size. Congress make and union label. Positively the best 50c Shirts made. For this evening only

Our Price Will Be 29c Each

THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP

OFFERS FRESH STOCKS OF

Stein-Bloch

Blue Serge Suits

—AT—

\$20

*FOR JULY BUYERS

THE man who needs a Suit in July is just as particular about getting what he wants as in April.

Merchants generally consider July a cleaning up time—a time to stop all buying and sell the old stocks.

THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP policy is to provide for men's needs every month in the year.

That's why we are keeping up our stocks of Blue Serge Suits—July suit buyers turn to blue serge.

Stein-Bloch Blue Serge Suits at \$20.00 are world beaters—they're unmatchable in July as in April.

They're in proportions and sizes to fit tall men, short men, stout men and men of regular build.

If you're a particular man, come to a particular shop—THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP.

The D. S. O'Brien Co.

222 MERRIMACK STREET

Old City Hall Building.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1908 was

15,956

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Platte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1909. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell

The automobile races can never be made a success on the old Vanderbilt policy of "the public be damned."

MORE TARIFF PROTESTS.

The wholesale dry goods merchants of New York have entered a strong protest against the high tariff on cotton goods such as are produced in Lowell and other mill cities of New England. The merchants fear that this exorbitant tariff will result in high prices and thus retard the sale of such goods. Their action is similar to that of the clothing dealers who protest against the exorbitant duty placed upon manufactured woolsens.

THE TARIFF CONFERENCE.

The conferees on the tariff bill seem to be unable to agree upon the various tax measures proposed for raising revenue.

The senate proposed the corporation tax bill to defeat the income tax although the latter was favored by the house, both being recommended by the president in his messages. The house prefers an inheritance tax to the corporation tax and on these issues the conferees are at odds with no present indication of what the compromise will be, for a final agreement of some kind must be reached. The fact that appears most prominent in the conference is the lack of good faith on the part of the senate in its action upon the corporation tax as upon several other features of the tariff bill.

THE PRESIDENT'S BELATED STATEMENT.

President Taft's appeal to the conference committee for revision downward comes too late. Mr. Taft waited, it might be said, until after the eleventh hour to express his views on the tariff. His statement might have affected the result had he spoken before the bill passed into the hands of the conference committee. This committee, as we understand it, has to do only with the points of difference between the bills coming from the senate and house. They cannot revise the work of congress on the schedules fixed by concurrence of both houses. That is why the president's statement cannot bring about any great change in the tariff bill.

This belated statement will not relieve the president from the responsibility he bears to the country as well as to his party. He acknowledges that his party promised revision downward, not upward, and he is desirous that the new tariff measure shall not disappoint the country on that score. He knows that the bill as a whole constitutes revision upward, not downward.

If the president signs the measure he will thereby become responsible for everything it contains, despite his statement that it should be otherwise and that it would be if he and other republicans did not recede from their ante-election pledges.

IT'S UP TO MAYOR BROWN.

If Mayor Brown would drop running his political windmill long enough to attend for awhile to the city's interests this community might be saved the disgrace of having our main business street and the main business square in our city left in a dilapidated condition during the great auto carnival to be held here early in September.

The mayor has written a letter to be sure to Supt. Putnam, urging haste in paving Merrimack street. The letter, like most of his letters, is intended to serve his political ends in case the work he unnecessarily delayed. But will it serve the city in getting Merrimack street paved in due time? It is not by writing letters that a business man would undertake to have this work pushed ahead. The letter writing may serve to show a good intention or to bluff the public. The people don't want letter writing on this subject. They want results. What the mayor should do is to get Supt. Putnam of the street department and Supt. Lees of the Boston & Northern in conference and insist on their getting this work of paving Merrimack street under way within a day's delay.

If they cannot do this then let the mayor call the city council together and have the work done by contract. It is quite easy to get a contractor who will complete this job in three weeks or if necessary in two weeks. The city council should not tolerate the inactivity, the bungling and incompetence shown by Mayor Brown and his superintendent of streets in this whole matter.

Look at the snail-like pace at which the present jobs of paving and sewer work are proceeding. At the present rate of progress we could not expect to see Merrimack street paved before the snow flies. Something must be done. Mayor Brown is responsible, as the chief magistrate of the city, for the condition of affairs. He has the power to push the work along, and if he does not use that power the fault will be his, not that of Supt. Putnam or anybody else.

The slow gain at which the Prescott street job is being done shows that the street department wants a man at the head to push things.

Why not open up space enough to allow the men room to work so that they will not be in one another's way and set the clay flying. If this is a fair sample of the speed that Supt. Putnam can put into a job, he will have to be reinforced. The same may be said of the paving job on Middlesex street. The number of men in the gang should be doubled or tripled and there should be several shifts. At present Boss Bowers is in charge of the pavers, and if there was any unusual haste he could handle two or three gangs as big as that now at work.

It is probably a fact that the street railway company will have some difficulty in getting new rails cast for the connections to be put in, but if the company had been notified in time the necessary rails might have been on the ground. But few rails are there, anyhow. Why wait for them? We are unwilling to believe that there is any insuperable barrier to getting the necessary rails and finishing this job of paving before September. We have contractors in Lowell who would do this work in a month, and if the street department is not competent to pave Merrimack and Bridge streets within that time a local contractor should get the job.

The city cannot afford to be disgraced in the eyes of the 300,000 people who are likely to attend the automobile races, by having the principal business square and the principal business street so rough and uneven as to be dangerous to people riding over it in automobiles.

SEEN AND HEARD

Sometimes the man who is just sitting still thinking is working as hard as anybody else, but as a rule it isn't so.

The old idea that woman doesn't reason is altogether wrong. Woman reasons, just the same as man does, only she reasons in such a flash that men call the process intuition.

Not infrequently a young man worries over his sweetheart because he is led by her aversion to fear that her love is growing cold, when the real trouble is that she is trying to wear shoes that are too small for her.

When a girl is seventeen, she always reads all the marriage notices in the daily paper. After she gets to be a woman of forty-five, she always reads the deaths.

What a pleasure it is to look at a beautiful sunset with a person who has self-restraint enough not to remark: "No painter in the world could ever reproduce that coloring!"

It seems to be regarded as all right for a man to wear evening dress before six o'clock in the evening when he is going home at four o'clock in the morning.

After a man has been dead for five years, if people are still saying good things about him, he was a good man. As a rule, nobody speaks of a man who has been dead for five years, let alone saying good things about him.

An old maid and a young widow seldom agree exactly in their opinions about men.

It is astonishing how cheaply one can travel all over the world by getting a collection of railroad books and folders and sitting down at home in the evening to look them over.

The Germans call a wheelbarrow a

Adams & Co.

Appleton Bank
Block
CENTRAL STREET.

Piazza Furniture

Before purchasing don't fail to inspect our line of

PIAZZA CHAIRS,
PIAZZA ROCKERS,
BAMBOO TABLES,
BED HAMMOCKS,
PORCH SCREENS.

CLOSED

Monday Evenings During
July and August.

Michael H. McDonough

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER
And all work connected with the business. All orders promptly attended to at any hour of day or night. Connected by telephone.

108 GORHAM STREET.

Cools the Whole Room

A Simplex Oscillator Makes Every Fan Oscillate

DERBY & MORSE
64 Middle St. Tel. 463

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters from the traps. Steaks fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. O'NEILL INN, best place in Central street.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
Telephone Connection

1010 Central St. Davis Sq.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
1010 Central St. Lowell, Mass.

Coal, Wood and Coke

The best that money can buy at rock bottom summer prices. Telephone your orders here, where your trade will be appreciated.

JOHN P. QUINN

Gorham and Dix Streets.
Telephones 1180 and 2480. If one is busy, call the other.

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR
Fires, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

—FOR SALE—
At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores
THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

"shove cart" but not when they fall over the handles of it in the dark.

Somehow it dims the glamor of buying things on the installment plan when the rocking chair breaks down and has to be discarded before you have finished paying for it.

Well, they didn't have a summer school, and the sale of pickles and cream puffs out there drops to almost nothing in the vacation season.

When a newspaper critic says that an opera prima donna sings and acts her role convincingly, it means that the critic thinks he has acquired a swell critical vocabulary.

A man in Chicago advertises: "Will exchange piano with \$50 for better one; also will exchange dining-room table and chairs with \$10 for better ones." It is pleasant to see that he is prospering and making his way upward in the world.

When you have to tell a friend an unpleasant truth, try to do it in a pleasant way. He will get mad anyway, but you will have the feeling that you have done your duty.

WHY AM I AFRAID IN THE DARK?

"Not I," said the owl,
And he gave a great scowl,
And winked his eye,
And fluffed his owl.
"To whom?"
Said the dog, "I bark
Out loud in the dark.
Go 'way-go!"
Said the cat, "Mi-ew!"
I'll scratch any who
Dare say that I do
Fear the dark!"
"Mi-ew!"

"Afraid," said the mouse,
"Of the dark in a house?"
"Hear me better
Whatever's the matter.
Squeak!"
Then the load in his hole,
And the mole in the ground,
They both shook their heads
And passed the word round.

And the bird in the tree,
The fish, and the bee,
They declared, all three,
That they never did see
One of them afraid
In the dark!

But the little girl who had gone to bed
Just raised the bedclothes and covered
her head.
—The Play Box.

CURIOUS ARTICLES

ENTERING FOREIGN COMMERCE OF UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Recent tariff discussions which include the rates of duty on articles almost unknown by name to the general public have illustrated the breadth of scope of the commerce of the United States. The fact that the world in range of articles to contribute to the want of the American public, and that the American producers and manufacturers in turn supply to all parts of the world articles which are in many instances not considered by the general public as entering international trade, is sharply pointed out by these discussions and the inquiries which grow out of them.

The great variety of the articles forming the trade of the United States with other countries is illustrated more clearly by the bureau of statistics figures of imports than those of exports, due to the fact that its import record is necessarily stated in terms of the tariff law. The fact that the tariff places varying rates of duty upon different articles, and that the bureau of statistics must state the quantity, in possible and the value in all cases or each of the articles or class of articles upon which a separate rate of duty is named requires that bureau to differentiate much more closely in its statement of imports than that of exports. As a result its statement of articles and grades of articles imported contains many thousands of items.

A study of this statement, "Imports for Consumption," is issued by the bureau of statistics and constantly consulted by statesmen in preparing and discussing and acting upon the pending tariff bill, shows many curious facts regarding the United States, the import trade of the United States, wild animal and scientific and educational purposes, which are permitted to enter free of duty because of their prospective use for educational and scientific purposes, amounted in 1908 to between six and seven thousand dollars, while those imported for other purposes, except those of the group "all other animals," amounted to \$1,000,000. Cattle, horses, mules, sheep, swine, animals for breeding purposes, and teams of immigrants, still shows a value of over 100 thousand dollars.

Birds imported in 1908 amounted to over 300 thousand dollars in value, and while they are not specifically enumerated as to varieties, it is presumed that this variety is largely composed of game and rarities.

Leeches are also enumerated by the bureau of statistics under its general head of animals imported, the total value of the imports of this species in 1908 having been \$5,341, in 1907 \$2,992, in 1906 \$4,134, in 1905 \$5,862, in 1904 \$6,592, in 1903 \$2,540, and in 1902 \$2,112. The commerce in leeches being thus of a growing character. The total value of the leeches imported into the United States in the decade ending with 1908 is about \$40,000. Leeches, it may be added, are imported free of duty. Scorpions were at one time enumerated as an article of importation, the records from 1894 to 1908 showing snails imported to the extent of about \$5000, but the trade has dwindled, showing only \$24 of imports in 1908, that the bureau discontinued its statements of this article.

"Devil-dirt" as an article of importation has been the subject of many jests by the humorists during the tariff discussions of congress, though in fact it is an article of no inconsiderable importance in the tanning industry. The product of a hemlock tree in the West Indies and South America, entering in the form of a pod, and amounting in quantity in 1908 to 233 thousand pounds, valued at \$1,000,000 and 5 thousand dollars. The value of the imports of the last decade has aggregated about \$35,000. Devil-dirt, which does not compete with other grades of material used in tanning, and which is produced in the development of certain lines of this industry is imported free of duty.

Bare leaves are also imported free of duty when brought in in a crude state. The value of the imports of 1908 being \$2,808, in 1907 \$2,137, and in 1906 \$3,877. The value of bare leaves imported in the decade ending with 1908 amounted to over \$20,000. The extension of the chewing-gum industry and the use of that product among the people of the United States is illustrated by the fact that the imports of the manufacture of chewing-gum, amounted to more than

million pounds. This article, "chicle," is obtained in southern Mexico from the trunks of the sapodilla plum tree, and the importation of this gum during the last decade has amounted to about 30 million pounds, or over 13 thousand tons, valued at over 8 million dollars.

"Dragon's blood" imported, amounting on the face of the records to 15 thousand pounds in 1908 and to over 200 thousand pounds in the last decade, is of course not in fact dragon's blood at all, but a mere name for a deep reddish resinous substance obtained from a variety of trees in the orient, especially the east coast of Sumatra, and used as an ingredient in varnishes, stains and dyes. The value of the importation of 1908 was about five thousand dollars, and during the decade about 60 thousand dollars.

Infants' food also forms a considerable item of importation, its thousand dollars worth in 1908, and during the decade have amounted to nearly a quarter of a million dollars, on which the duty collected amounted to nearly \$30 thousand dollars.

"Nux vomica" forms a more important feature of the import trade than would probably be noticed by the average individual unacquainted with this particular trade. The bureau of statistics figures show that the importation of nux vomica amounted, in round numbers in 1908 to 3 million pounds, valued at 34 thousand dollars, while the quantity imported in the decade ending with 1908 amounted to about 25 million pounds, valued at over 400 thousand dollars. This article comes in the form of large round seeds of a tree grown chiefly in southern Asia, and is used in the manufacture of strychnine and certain other drugs and tonics, prescribed as medicines, and since it does not compete with any product of the United States enters free of duty.

Musk imported in 1908 amounted to over \$30,000. The musk of commerce is a secretion of a small gland of the musk deer, and comes chiefly from China, Japan, and other oriental countries, being thus exported in most cases in the gland as cut from the slaughtered animal, and when imported in this form is described as "musk, crude, in the natural pods," and when entering in the form of free of duty.

"Palladium" is also an article of commerce, though in small quantities, since the quantity of palladium imported in 1908 was but three one-hundredths of one pound. This small quantity, three one-hundredths of one pound was, however, valued at \$21 a pound, therefore being worth approximately \$700. In other years the quantities imported have been much larger amounting in 1905 to over \$10,000 in value and in 1904 to more than \$15,000 in value. This rare metal, associated with platinum and iridium, is a native state in small quantities in Germany.

Vacation Articles

No man wants to travel now-a-days without a

Safety Razor

We have all the best Safes.

The Gillette is Best.....\$5

The Gem is a Gem.....\$1

BUY A VACUUM BOTTLE

And you can always have a cold or a hot drink. We have these in Pints and Quarts with cases.

Baskets

We have a splendid line of Picnic Baskets.

The Thompson

Hardware Co.
254-256 Merrimack St.

Do You Know

"NUGGET"



Watch the
Store Windows
for
"NUGGET"

It's a money-saver:
"Nugget."

You will like "Nugget."

Your dealer will tell you about "Nugget."

It will make your wife smile: "Nugget."

It will pay your gas bill: "Nugget."

It improves your appearance: "Nugget."

It only takes two minutes: "Nugget."

It's like finding money: "Nugget."

For all the family: "Nugget."

Before breakfast: "Nugget."

Have your children cultivate the "Nugget" habit.

Grocers, Druggists, Dry Goods Men, Shoe Dealers, General Stores, all sell "Nugget."

many and Brazil, is chiefly supplied from the working over of plantiferous residues of various kinds, and is used in the manufacture of astronomical instruments, and by dentists, when alloyed with silver as a substitute for gold.

will keep the men busy. Naval reserves from Rhode Island and Connecticut have arrived for their tour of duty with the regulars. They will be initiated into what sham war means in modern times.

THE KAISER'S TOUR

KIEL, July 19.—The emperor left early yesterday morning for his northern tour aboard the imperial yacht Hohenzollern.

MANY VISITORS

Crowded Ships of the Atlantic Fleet

PROVINCETOWN, July 19.—Visitors' day on the ships of the Atlantic fleet which are making this harbor their home during their summer drills brought to this historic old town thousands of visitors yesterday. By boat and train they poured in and small boat owners did a thriving business taking them out to the grim warships in their fighting garb swinging lily at anchor. Hundreds of the sailors were granted shore leave today and leaping out of their cutters before touched land the boys scampered up the sand glad to stretch their legs once more after a week of hard work but intensely interesting work at the gun and in the small boats beating off submarine torpedo attacks by day and night. The majority of the lads steered a straight course for Evans field, where three exciting baseball games between nine from the fleet attracted large crowds of spectators.

On board the ships the boys were not so lucky as to get off yesterday found ample space in piloting devices of pretty summer girls up and down the innumerable ladders through the vast fighting machine. Outside the absolutely necessary work about ship yesterday was a "day off" for the men. On shore the sailors kept up their reputation for orderly conduct. Patrols from the ships were everywhere but there was no occasion for time to exercise authority. The big battleship Nebraska arrived during the day from New York and received a hearty greeting from the remainder of the fleet. Today another hard week of drills

Imported from Japan, with beautifully tinted tops, decorated in Japanese fashion and bamboo reed handles. They are now the proper shade to carry when canoeing. These Parasols are much used at Lawn Tea Parties and, suspended from the ceiling, make a unique ornament for the den.

25c and 35c Each

If you need Japanese Lanterns at any time, for a lawn party for instance, remember our line includes the varied shapes and hues.

C. B. COBURN CO.

83 Market St.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

THE STORE FOR QUALITY AND STYLE

Just the Dress for Summer Vacationists

ON SALE TODAY

150 MACHINE MADE

GINGHAM DRESSES

At \$1.95 Each

Last week we furnished a manufacturer from our own stock a quantity of odds and ends in Bates Gingham with instructions to use them in making dresses for our suit dept. Saturday he shipped in 150, and we place them on sale today. They are made in Dutch necks or high necks, 24 sleeves and full length sleeves—New plaited skirts, waists piped and tucked or self-trimmed. Beautiful Plaids for young girls—pretty checks or solid color Chambrays. Sizes 10, 12 or 14 in misses. Sizes 36, 38 or 40 in women's.

The Dresses are duplicates of ones sold season by a large Boston store at \$3.49. You may pick from the assortment, while they last, at..... \$1.95 Each

THE TARIFF BILL

Conference Committee is Near the End of its Task

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The tariff bill is nearing the end of its arduous journey through the wilderness of conflicting political, local and commercial interests, in which it has been an impeded wanderer since the beginning of the extraordinary session of congress convened President Taft immediately upon his inauguration nearly five months ago.

The conference committee is now near the end of its task, and its report is expected to be completed in the last part of this week. How long it will take the senate and the house to pass the bill upon the work of the committee, and what will be the ultimate fate of the measure as a whole, is the subject of varying conjecture. The general impression in quarters immediately upon the inauguration of the conference committee will be that the bill will be passed in the next few days.

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WHY SUFFER WITH PILES

When relief can be quickly obtained by the use of

Gold Bond Pile Cure

READ THIS TESTIMONIAL:

"Two years I was a terrible sufferer from piles and hemorrhoids. Several physicians told me that the only relief would be to have the use of the knife. After using Gold Bond Pile Cure I was completely cured."

ROXBOROUGH, W. PILLSBURY, Leander, N. H., April 8, 1909.

Price 50c a Jar

If you receive no benefit from money will be returned. Is it not worth the trial?

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Gold Bond Medicine Co., Manchester, N. H.

HOT FLATIRON



COOL ROOM

We sell a 5 lb. Flatiron for \$1.50

An 8 lb. Flatiron for \$2.00

INCLUDING 6 FEET TUBING

One of these Irons working continuously will consume but .0108 cents (less than 1 1/2 cents) in three hours. Iron will last a lifetime—longer than the life of the women who persist in ironing with irons heated on a stove. They are as simple as the cut above indicates. They may be examined at Appliance Store, John Street. A Flatiron heated by a gas flame can be used in any room in the house where there is a jet. In two minutes the iron is just right heat and it remains just right, and that's what makes ironing day easy. As one good woman says: "It lessens the drudgery of life."

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.

Gold Medal Flour
It's a Biscuit Flour
It's a Pastry Flour
It's a Bread Flour
It's a Cake Flour



WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

ing to accept a rate of 13. Sen. Hale is opposed to any reduction of the senate rate, therefore this subject is likely to be one of the last settled.

The paragraph affecting women's gloves, on which the house advanced the existing rate, is also among those on which action has been deferred. The senate conferees are holding out for an amendment restoring Dingley rates. A compromise has been suggested which puts Schinaschen gloves on the free list. This is the cheapest glove manufactured and is not made in the United States at all. They retail at about 75 cents a pair and it is said the effect would be to reduce this retail price to about 50 cents a pair.

The Schinaschen is recognized as an inferior article. The compromise contemplates leaving the rates on the higher grades the same as they were fixed by the house.

The senate conferees are insisting upon the increase made in the duty on lemons. The existing rate is one cent a pound. The house increased this to 1 1/4 cents and the senate to a quarter cent more, in the interest of the California growers. This is one of the questions to be taken up early this week.

The house will be in session today and will probably adjourn until Thursday. The senate meets Tuesday and may adjourn until Friday unless there appears a prospect of a report from the conference committee by Thursday. No business of importance except the emergency deficiency bill is before either branch of congress.

THE ELMO II.

WAS THE WINNER OF THE 235 MILE RACE

MARBLEHEAD, July 16.—Soaked to the skin from two hours of a terrific thunderstorm which followed them from Cape Cod to this port over a rough sea, the skippers and crews of eight of the 12 motor boats in the 235 mile ocean race from Bay Ridge to Marblehead light, crossed the finish line before midnight last night and gladly welcomed the shelter of the Eastern Yacht club house.

The Elmo II, owned by F. B. Giles, Jr., which had a time allowance of 11 hours, 7 minutes and 20 seconds, was declared the winner.

The Lizzie L, owned by C. O. Lator, with a time allowance of 9 hours, 37 minutes and 25 seconds, was second, and the Irene II, owned by S. W. Granberry, the winner of last year's race, with a time allowance of 9 hours, 50 minutes and 25 seconds, was third.

Two of the boats, the Niobe and the Barbara had not appeared at midnight, while the Kiteingue, the scratch boat, was accounted for by the report of her burning off Vineyard Haven, Saturday night, and the boat and crew, after a night of exposure, were rescued after the start, owing to trouble with her engines.

The race was run under the auspices of the Crescent A. C. of New York for cups offered by Commodore Francis M. Wilson and first Captain Walter H. Schell and other prizes.

The start was made from Bay Ridge at 10:45 Saturday morning. The boats met smooth seas through nearly all of Saturday's run and until well into yesterday. The Kiteingue, a 75-horse power craft, got a big start and was increasing a considerable lead, when her gasoline tanks exploded off Vineyard Haven and the boat burned to the water's edge, the skipper and crew escaping safely.

The Josephine was the first boat to come in, finishing at 5:35:45 p. m.

UNIQUE FISH

ON EXHIBITION AT ALASKA-YUKON PACIFIC EXPOSITION

SEATTLE, July 19.—One of the most interesting exhibits to be found at the Alaska-Yukon Pacific exposition is in the fisheries building and is the collection of fishes imported from the Hawaiian Islands. There are not less than 100 of these fishy specimens of almost every conceivable size, shape, form and color imaginable. Some of them are black and yellow, others a pale green while some are tri-colored with specks and stripes resembling an American flag.

Their tints are as gorgeous as the rainbow and as radiant as a butterfly. Their shapes are odd in the extreme. Some have the head of an angler, others are more than half-headed with eyes in the top of the back. One particular variety has more the appearance of butterflies than fish and move about as gracefully as a sunbeam upon a wave. This is the first importation of live fish ever taken from the Hawaiian Islands and their unique appearance causes thousands of visitors to linger about the aquariums looking upon their pristine beauty in wonder and amazement.

JELL-O

The Dairy Dessert

PREPARED INSTANTLY. Simply add boiling water, cool and serve. 10c per package at all grocers. 75c a box. Refuse all substitutes.

TEXTILE NOTES

Interesting Items From Mill Centres

NEW BEDFORD, July 19.—Two of New Bedford's mills are to build large additions to their present plants, according to petitions for permits filed with the inspector of buildings.

The Hathaway Mfg. Co., will build an addition 28 by 152 feet to its card room, the building to be one story in height. The Acushnet mill corporation is to make two additions to its plant, the first an addition to its main factory, 27 by 25 feet, while the card room will have an addition 75 by 253 feet.

The J. W. Bishop Co., will do the work for both mills.

WILL ADD 400 LOOMS

WALTHAM, July 19.—The Boston Mfg. Co., will increase its machinery in the near future by adding to the present equipment about 400 looms, 12,500 spindles and carding machinery to run these. This was voted at the meeting of the stockholders held in Boston, at which time it was voted to increase the capital stock from \$100,000 to \$600,000, the increase to be used in making the proposed changes. The installation of the new machinery will provide for an increase of fully 25 more hands, bringing the total number of employees up to about 1100 should the mills be run to their full capacity.

TO BUILD BLEACHERY

TROY, N. Y., July 19.—The firm of Chitt Peabody & Co., is negotiating for the purchase of the building at the corner of Jay and River streets, at present occupied by the Wilbur-Stephens Co., for use as a bleachery and finishing plant. It is planned to enlarge the building, making it five stories high, and employ 300 hands there. About \$300,000, it is proposed, will be expended. The establishment of a bleachery would result in the Chitt company buying the raw material in brown linen.

Splendid line of German and French picnic baskets at the Thompson Hardware Co's.

BADLY INJURED

Novice Tried to Work Aeroplane

NEW YORK, July 19.—A novice at flying, sitting like a wooden man, went up before breakfast yesterday in Glenn H. Curtiss' aeroplane, hovered a moment in mid-air, then crashed to earth. The beautiful craft, which Curtiss made a remarkable flight of about 30 miles Saturday, was badly wrecked and the student of aviation was lifted unconscious from the twisted frame, his left arm broken, his left thumb dislocated, his body bruised and his brain reeling. His injuries, however, are not serious and he is in the Nassau hospital at Minerva, L. I., while the battered aeroplane rests in its tent awaiting repairs.

The accident occurred on Hempstead Plains, L. I., where Curtiss has been giving demonstrations for the New York Aeronautic society, to which he recently sold the aeroplane.

It was a member of the society, Alexander Williams, 42 years old, who was injured. It was his first attempt to fly. When the machine had attained a height of 30 feet the craft careened sharply to the right, swooped toward the earth and striking on end, turned nearly over. Williams remained in his seat until lifted out. He was delirious and muttered that some one had collided with him in the air.

Mr. Curtiss in explaining Williams' accident said that the novice sat apparently motionless, failing to move his body slightly, as was necessary in making the curves as he soared up to a height of 30 feet. The descent was not rapid, but the impact was sufficient to shatter a number of ribs, break both the left and right wing tips and the front control. When it reeled over the engine continued to work and the propeller was shattered as it struck the ground.

A week's work at least will be required to patch up the flyer.

The Nassau hospital society had paid \$5000 for the aeroplane, and Curtiss agreed to instruct the members in its use.

LAW STRICTER

RELATIVE TO THE EMPLOYMENT OF CHILD LABOR

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19.—John Williams, state labor commissioner, has sent notice to all employers of labor in the state calling attention to important changes in the labor law, affecting dangerous employment, which becomes operative on Oct. 1. The new law prohibits the employment of children 16 years of age in the operation of various forms of machinery, such as circular saws, planes, pickers, printing presses, operated by motive power other than foot, stamping machines, rolling machines and laundrying machinery.

The law also prohibits the employment of children in adjusting any belt to machinery, or in the preparation of any composition in which poisonous acids are used, or in the manufacture of powder, or in any place where alcoholic liquors are manufactured or bottled.

Girls under the age of 15 shall not be employed in any capacity where such employment compels them to remain standing constantly. No child under 16 years shall be permitted to manage or operate an elevator, either for freight or passengers.

DON CARLOS

PRETENDER TO SPANISH THRONE IS DEAD

ROME, July 19.—Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, died yesterday at Venice in Lombardy, at the age of 61. He had been ill for a long time, suffering from apoplexy.

Don Carlos, duke of Madrid, claimed under the special law of succession established by Philip V. to be the legitimate king of Spain by the title Charles VII. His father, Don Juan, was the brother of Don Carlos, Charles VI, known as the Count of Montemolin, in support of whose claims the Carlist risings of 1848, 1853 and 1869 were organized.

In October, 1888, Don Juan abdicated in favor of his son.

GEO. E. CURRIER

Talks on the Postal Savings Bank

CHICAGO, July 19.—"If the aggregate of the small sums now in hiding, not banked, hoarded in stockings, safe deposit boxes and tin cans in the United States . . . half a billion dollars in cash, had been in circulation in 1907 the banks could have paid their depositors in cash instead of clearing house certificates," declared George E. Currier, chairman of the executive committee of the Postal Savings Bank league, in a Chicago magazine, adding: "No one would have had to pay bank interest for a premium for currency. Uncle Sam's treasure chest is always full enough to pay depositors in cash, no one doubts that. Then the postal savings deposits would have been practically undisturbed by sudden demands of depositors and the half billion dollars of idle money would have served as a bulwark of safety against a cataclysm of fright."

Chairman Currier refers eloquently to protestations of the chairman of the postal savings bank committee of the American Bankers' association which is fighting the postal savings bill now pending in congress, saying: "The philanthropic purpose of the frontier bank is well known the country over; its modest interest charges and gentle methods also; they still rankle in the hearts of a community long after it is no longer on the frontier. To make subsistence certain for these small banks when started Chairman Currier in his 'unselfish' plea says that if a banker looks over a territory and sees that he has it to himself he will go in and work. Most of these small banks accept deposits without interest and make loans at long rates. They do not primarily stimulate thrift, but exist to make money. But to let the frontier banks yet uphold the American Bankers' association declaration open hostility to any 'interference' by Uncle Sam 'with existing conditions' of the banking and safeguarding of savings."

"But on what frontier there is left in the United States and in the less populated and developed states there are tens of thousands of people who have accumulated savings but have not deposited them in a commercial bank because the nearest bank is too far away. According to the report of Hon. C. W. L. Meyer when he was postmaster-general only 1.8 per cent. of the savings bank deposits is to be found in 32 of the states, 38.4 per cent. of all those deposits being in 14 states—the older states where banks are far more numerous and available. Yet the main contention of opponents of a postal savings bank system, who are bankers but claim their hostility is unselfish, was given by Chairman Currier of the postal savings bank committee of the American Bankers' association as follows: "The competition offered by the government bank would delay the organizing of new banks which, in the final analysis, we know will meet the needs of the (new) community."

Citing the case of a man who, when his first baby came was inspired to save, who had but one spare dollar then to deposit and was deterred from depositing that in a bank because of a natural American pride which rebelled at depositing a single dollar with the supercilious teller of a palatial bank, Chairman Currier adds: "Suppose he could have walked across the street to the postoffice, where one pays penny postage stamps and other trifles, and deposited his dollar at a 'postal savings bank depository window' in familiar unpretentious surroundings. He would have done that quickly enough and started a savings fund. But he cannot do that. Congress has failed to enact provisions for it. The minority in congress, Senator Aldrich's

SKIN DISEASES

THEIR CAUSE AND EFFECT

We not infrequently hear persons afflicted with chronic Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, etc., say they have expended from \$100.00 to \$300.00 in doctor's bills and remedies, and invariably the treatment has been external—an ointment or a lotion. No consideration or attention was paid to the blood—the source from which the skin derives nourishment. In answer to the question "Did you derive any benefit from such treatment?" "Oh, yes, it cured the disease for a month or two and then it broke out worse than ever." The reason of this should be readily understood by any intelligent person, and is the difference between cause and effect. Had the disease been attacked in the blood, which is the cause of these skin and blood diseases, these sufferers would have had a different story to tell. Dr. Try-Remedy eliminates the poison from the blood—removes the cause, and the effect of this poison readily disappears from the surface of the skin. Guaranteed to cure. Send to our office, 1330 Arch street, Philadelphia, for booklet. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Lowell Mass., and by all first class druggists.

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2 1/2 yards long, good width with 4 inch ruffle. Regular price 25c.	40 inch width in white, champagne and Arabian. Regular price 25c yard.
Tuesday Afternoon Price 17c Pair	Tuesday Afternoon Price 15c Yard
TOURIST RUCHING, (6 Yard Box) . . . 19c	STAMPED PILLOW COVERS . . . 19c
Plain lace edge and cord edge. Regular price 25c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 19c Box	Front and back, handsome patterns. Regular price 25c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 19c
SOLID COPPER, NICKEL PLATED TEA KETTLES . . . 59c, 69c, 79c	BOYS' SNEAKERS . . . 39c Pair
Rochester Kettles with seamless bottoms, made of 12-ounce copper, heavily nickel plated, either flat or pit bottoms, in sizes Nos. 7, 8, 9. Regular prices 98c, \$1.25, \$1.49.	Extra quality, brown and black, sizes 11 to 2 and 2 1/2 to 7. Regular price 59c.
Tuesday Afternoon Prices 59c, 69c, 79c	Tuesday Afternoon Price 39c
ROMAN STRIPE RIBBON . . . 19c Yard	54-INCH SICILIAN . . . 47c Yard
1 1/2 inch width in all colors, very desirable for hat bands, belts and ties. Regular price 49c yard. Tuesday Afternoon Price 19c Yard	Navy and dark grey with self color shadow stripes. Regular price 75c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 47c Yard
HUCKABUCK TOWELS (Basement) . . . 3 for 25c	ONE POUND WRITING PAPER . . . 17c
Size 20x40, in plain and damask patterns, with white or red borders. Regular price 12 1/2c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 3 for 25c	Linen Lawn, fine quality. Regular price 25c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 17c Pound
P. N. CORSETS . . . \$1.25	WOMEN'S UNDERVESTS . . . 15c
Silk batiste corsets with four hose supporters, genuine P. N. Regular price \$3. Tuesday Afternoon Price \$1.25	Two different styles of Jersey Knit Vests with lace trimmings. Regular price 25c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 15c
HAIR BRUSHES . . . 15c	WOMEN'S SKIRTS . . . 69c
Solid back with good bristles, first quality. Regular price 25c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 15c	Made of cambric with lace and hamburger trimmings. Regular price \$1.00 to \$1.50. Tuesday Afternoon Price 69c
WOMEN'S CHAMOIS GLOVES . . . \$1.15	CHILDREN'S HOSE . . . 25c
12 inch styles in natural and white, best quality, guaranteed to wash. Regular price \$1.50. Tuesday Afternoon Price \$1.15	Extra Fine Lisle Ribbed Hose in black only. Regular price 50c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 25c
MEN'S HOSE . . . 4 Pairs for 25c	COLORED SILK PETTICOATS . . . \$3.75
"Bon Marche Special" in black and tans, spliced heel and toe. Regular price 12 1/2c pair. Tuesday Afternoon Price 4 Pairs for 25c	All newest shades and styles with deep bounce, very full. Regular price \$5.98. Tuesday Afternoon Price \$3.75
SHIRT WAISTS . . . 59c	TRIMMED HATS . . . 98c
Batiste and lawn with all-over embroidered fronts, lace trimmed and plain. Regular price 98c. Tuesday Afternoon Price 59c	About one hundred latest shapes in rough straws and fancy braids, trimmed with wings, frills, flowers and mesh-like ribbon. Regular price \$3.98. Tuesday Afternoon Price 98c

WE CLOSE THURSDAYS AT 12.30. JULY, AUGUST, SEPTEMBER

contingent in the senate and Speaker Cannon's regulars" in the house, refuse to let a bill come to a vote sanctioning postal savings deposits."

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